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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Growing Brighter.

The world is growing brighter as it rolls and rolls around;
White daisies blossom whiter—blue violets strew the ground,
And we're thankful that we're living, since no blessing heaven denies,
While the heart's divine thanksgiving drifts in glory to the skies!

The world is growing brighter as it rolls and rolls around;
There's not a heart but's lighter and gives out a merrier sound,
And we're thankful that we're living, since to live is perfect bliss,
And 'twill be a bright hereafter if it's half as bright as this!

—Atlantic Constitution.

Love Versus Ambition.

Jack Dallas never was considered a handsome man, as handsome men go, but everybody, old and young, liked his bright blue eyes and sunny smile.

He could not boast of much wealth, and the fact was one of his sensitive points.

It seemed strange, too, that of all girls in the world he should fall in love with Dorothy Hill.

Not that she was anything but bewitching, pretty and worthy his adoration, but she had been taken from her obscure home to grace the palatial one of a very wealthy aunt, and this aunt expected Dorothy to make a brilliant marraige, as a sort of return for all the proferred kindness.

That she would do so was the firm conviction of all her friends, except Jack Dallas, who, notwithstanding the many warnings from Dot's rejected suitors, still believed that love was everything in this world, and that Dorothy would think the same as he did, never reckoning upon a woman's ambition.

He awoke from his dream with keenest pain.

It was the day of Dorothy's departure for the seashore, and Jack had called to say good-by.

Before leaving his rooms he had made the firm resolution to keep his love locked safely in his own heart, but somehow he ended in asking Miss Dorothy Hill to become his wife.

She sealed his fate with two cruel little words, "I cannot," but dared not read the despair in his face. It was a peculiar answer and, its tones indicated that it was the only reply that she meant to make.

If some one had struck Jack an unexpected blow the effect could not have been more utterly crushing.

His features twitched spasmodically for a moment, and then he recovered himself sufficiently to hide his bitter disappointment.

"I thank you for your frankness," he said to her, while she gazed out of the window and he did not see the utter despair in her brown eyes and continued in the same tone of voice: "If you had been less cruel it would have been harder to bear. I suppose there is nothing for me to do but to depart gracefully and make room for some other poor fellow—or, rather, rich one."

A flush of shame colored her face and she turned to him with a pair of defiant eyes, but, seeing his face so full of sorrow, her look softened. Some good angel prompted her to be a little more human.

"I know what I am throwing away. A heart of gold for ambition so mercenary that I shudder to think of it. But, Jack, if you knew how I have lived in poverty, how I have hated it, you would have some pity for me. My aunt, after an appeal to her pocketbook, came down to investigate our true condition, and, seeing my face, thought it would be a pretty ornament for her drawing-room. I am expected to sell it to the highest bidder. Forgive me, but you are not the highest bidder."

A slight sneer spoiled the beauty of her mouth, and she pushed back her hair with a gesture that told him plainer than words how much she hated herself.

If Jack had been a little more conceited he might have known her intense love for him, but men are sometimes very stupid.

He took her hand and held it gently in his and proceeded to read her a curtain lecture, when he ought to have clasped her in his arms and demanded the prize.

"Dorothy, many women have married just as you are going to do, giving to the world a greater share of misery than it deserves. Don't do it, little one. I do not wish to prophesy any ill winds, but I do believe you will crave something more than mere wealth. You may not love me, but when you do love you will forget all about this ambition and be what God intended you—a lovable woman. You may think now that money is everything, but when you grow old what is more beautiful, more precious, than to know there is one dear heart that has battled the world for your sake and loves you to the end? Then, too, some accident might mar the beauty you are so proud of and end forever your plans for a brilliant marraige—and yet, even then, my love could never change."

His voice became husky, and not trusting himself to say any more or awaiting the effect of his words, he hurried from the room.

He did not hear his name called nor the great sob which followed, but passed down the hall and walked out into the Summer's sunshine.

Dorothy, as if tempting fate, ordered her cart, and, not heeding old Perkins's caution about the horse, drove down the avenue.

The horse, like all knowing ones, felt the recklessness in the driver's heart. Faster and faster he went, until, with a taste of the turf in his veins, Prince put Dorothy's life in jeopardy. She saw the trench in the road too late, and, with a piercing cry, she was dashed out upon the drive.

Alas for a worldly marriage!

Gentle hands carried her home, and Dr. Morton tied up the bruised head and washed the blood from the cuts upon her face. Dorothy was brought to consciousness by the severe pain and startling words: "Scarred for life!" Did she dream it? No, for when she asked for a mirror she was flatly refused, and that was conviction of itself.

Jack's words had come true. There she lay, shorn of her beauty, and Mr. Wyville, the millionaire, waiting for his answer.

Then like wine coursing through her veins came the great and overpowering love of her life. She tried to keep it back, but it flooded her heart and soul with sunshine. It drowned the agony of her wounds, and she sank into delirium, from which she did not awake for many days.

It was the third week after the accident. Dorothy was sitting near the library window. Now and then she glanced at a letter lying upon her lap, and read some of its passages with contempt. "So sorry to hear of your sad accident," was one, and another: "Important business calls me to Paris."

Not a word about his devotion. Not a word about his wild desire to make her his wife.

Her beauty was gone, and with it Wallace Wyville's love.

Every day Jack Dallas had inquired at the house, and with boyish embarrassment left his flowers. To-day she had sent word he might see her, and Dorothy could hardly wait for his coming. At last she heard his voice saying something merry to old Perkins. Then the door opened, and Jack, in his haste to reach her, upset everything in his way.

"Wish me luck, Dorothy!" he cried.

"To-day I have entered the firm of Dallas & Dallas. Uncle Dick has taken me into the firm. We are to have the house in Baxter square, and you are to furnish it just as you like and do with me just as you please. Only say yes, darling."

By this time he was quite out of breath, and waited for her to speak. She drew the lace closer about her face and her voice faltered:

"Did you tell him—my accident—Jack? Did you tell him I was ugly and no fit wife for you?"

For answer he kissed the lace where he thought the scars might be. As if by magic it slipped from its place and he gazed at Dorothy in speechless astonishment. A face as beautiful and sweet as a May morning, and a pair of laughing brown eyes met his own.

"Come lift me up," she said, "I am tired of playing the invalid. Don't look like that. It was a trick Jack. I never had a scar. Can't you understand. The doctor and I fooled aunt, then Mr. Wyville and you."

"And he—I mean Wyville?" Jack managed to ask.

"He ran away! Well, are you not glad! Are you not delighted? No one seems to care for me now." Her voice trembled between tears and laughter.

"Jack do say something." She was becoming hysterical.

"My dearest, the question is, can you care for me? God knows how I love you."

Two arms steal around his neck. A kiss, quick but sure, he feels upon his forehead and the sweetest voice in world says:

"Jack it was love versus ambition, and love won."—Chicago News.

The Chinaman and the Bull Fighter.

A Mexican story is told in Sinaloa of a Chinaman who was mistaken for Ponciano Diaz, the pet Mexican bull fighter, in Rosario, where he was recently so severely gored. It appears that a number of the admirers of the diciple of Cuchares made elaborate preparations to tender him a reception worthy his rank as a bull slaughterer upon his arrival at the above-mentioned place. Through some inexplicable reason, however, Ponciano entered the town of El Rosario without being recognized. When the diligence supposed to have him as a passenger pulled in, a Celestial, with his queue in plain sight, poked his head through the window of the vehicle. This distinctive insignia of the avocation of the knight of the arena was the signal for the discharge of firecrackers and the playing of martial airs, coupled with enthusiastic and vociferous cheering of "Long live Ponciano!" When the mistake was discovered, the yellow-skinned traveller, who was dazed beyond comprehension, was only able to escape the wrath of the fooled enthusiasts through the timely interference of the police.—New Orleans Picayune.

The supreme court of Illinois has decided that a voter may write the name of any candidate for whom he chooses to vote on his official ballot and that such a vote must be received and counted.

Deceived by a Dude.

Samuel P. Schuckers is dead at Wooster, Ohio, aged fifty-eight years. He was a brother of J. W. Schuckers, private secretary of Salmon P. Chase, and brother-in-law of John H. Oberly, ex-civil service commissioner. An interesting incident is recalled by Schuckers' death which has never found its way in the newspapers. The incident occurred a number of years ago, and during the time of the sale of the Lake Shore railroad at Cleveland, Ohio, it happened that Schuckers and John McSweeney the great criminal lawyer met at the sale. McSweeney had but a short time before made a great hit by his political speeches at Cleveland and Philadelphia, and was attracting attention all over the country. At this particular time he was trying a case at Cleveland. Young Schuckers was in these days a veritable dude and very sprucy.

He went to Cleveland to have a time, as he always left Wooster to celebrate and was having a good glorious time on this particular occasion. He was small and wiry in stature and always carried a silk umbrella. It happened that he met McSweeney in the rotunda just as he had finished an argument, and while the sale of the Lake Shore railroad was going on. They stopped for a moment at the edge of the excited crowd bidding in the road. There were a number of syndicates represented, foreigners, Vanderbilts, Goulds and others. The bidding had reached $3,100,000. In a spirit of devilishness young Schuckers bid $3,500,000. In a moment a rush was made toward the new bidder and a demand was made to know what syndicate he represented. His only reply was, with a wave of his silk umbrella, "Go away from me." The excited representatives of the other syndicates asked for a recess which was granted and in twenty minutes they came back, when the bid was raised to $4,000,000 and sold.

Mr. Schuckers' sprucy appearance and being in company with the great criminal lawyer had led them to believe he represented some secret syndicate, who were trying to gain possession of the valuable railroad property.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

The Catacombs of Paris.

Down, down, down! All are in the rock home of death. A moment's pause, a silence falls on the chattering crowd. Then, affrighted with their second's fear, they sway onward through a rocky gallery. Rock on either side of them, rock above them; here bare and arid, there slimy with oozing water and foul growths. The passage broadens out, it narrows, and ever and ever there is the black line on the roof that marks the road. Suddenly a black shadow on the left or to the right. The eye plunges into the depths of the side roads, and recoils aghast at their mysterious gloom. The lights file on. A thin glitter seams a park gap with a flickering, broken line of light. Ah!" says tke guide. "Yes, a chain."

Still forward, the shadows to right and left grow in size; some have a sentry silently guarding their obscurity from rash obtrusion! where there is a chain.

A sudden check from in front breaks the continuity of the forward movement.

We move on again, and lo! the rocks on either hand contract, change color, break out into the gruesome design of a symmetrically built wall of bones and skulls. From the level of our heads down to the level of our feet, skull rests upon skull, and leans back against the myriad bones behind. The shivering candlelight falls with unequal rays upon the formal tiers; it flashes coldly upon the grinning teeth, penetrates the mortarless crannies of the wall, and ever shows bone of many shapes and curves. Now it lights up a rent in some skull—a ghastly, jagged wound which haunts one with the thought of foul murder. Anon it shimmers with erratic play on the trickling water that, pursuing its silent way from year to year, has crusted with a smooth gloss the skull beneath.—The Gentleman's Magazine.

The Sale of Horse Flesh.

The State of Indiana is the first State in the Union which attempts to legislate against the sale of horse flesh as an article of food. A bill has been introduced in the legislature, which, if passed, will impose a fine of $500 on any persons so offending. It is doubtful if any such enactment is constitutional, for citizens can eat pretty much what they like, so long as it is not poisonous or adulterated.

What is requisite in the case of horse flesh is that the "industry" should come under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Animal Industry. It does not pay to slaughter young horses for human food; therefore horses which are cut up are old and decrepit and in many cases diseased with glanders, a complaint which can be conveyed to mankind.

Persons operating in this business, when taken to task, invariably say that their products are for export, but there is a shrewd suspicion that they are worked off on the home market occasionally. Indiana has shown a good example by taking the subject by the forelock—National Provisioner.

THE WEIGHT OF IT.

DISASTROUS RESULTS OF TWO YEARS OF DEMOCRACY.

Railway Receiverships, Bank Suspensions and Shrinkage in Industries Represent Losses of Billions—National Prosperity Has Been Stifled By Free Trade.

Various estimates have been made of the cost to the country of the Fifty-third Congress, and of the present free trade Administration. It is difficult to arrive at a true estimate of the loss that the people have suffered through their folly in November, 1892. This period of our history has been concisely described by Messrs. Clapp & Co., the New York bankers, in their weekly circulars. On November 11, 1892, they said:

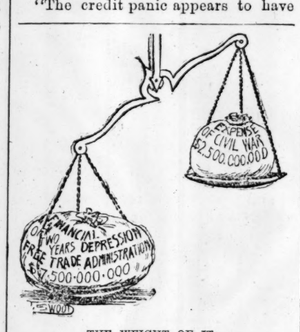
"The recent election shows the people want to speculate."

Four months later, on March 17, 1893, shortly after the inauguration of President Cleveland, they said:

"The shadow of general liquidation falls over the door step of National prosperity."

Three months later, on June 30, Clapp's Circular said:

"The credit panic appears to have



THE WEIGHT OF IT.

crossed the continent, and scarcely four months have passed and a billion of representative money has disappeared.

In their 1893 souvenir, they show that the seventy-five railway receiverships rendered necessary that year involved an indebtedness amounting to $1,212,217,033, and the total liabilities of banks suspended was $210,998,808. The business shrinkage in textile trades was almost $40,000,000 and in other industries over $90,000,000.

Adding the record of the trade failures they found that the disaster brought upon the country by the free trade party during 1893 was "equal to about twenty-five per cent. of the annual production average for the country during the past decade."

Our artist has explained the extent of the disaster for the two full years from March, 1893, to March, 1894. According to the record of the bank clearings the shrinkage in business was $5,665,000,000, during the first six months only that this new tariff has been in force, below the amount of business done during the first six months when the McKinley tariff was in operation.

Wheat Needs Protection.

Free traders and others are already at work trying to invent excuses for the cheap price of wheat, attributing it to any cause but the right one, which is increased production in the world's supply, as can be seen from the following figures of the crops for 1891 and 1894:

THE WORLD'S WHEAT SUPPLY.

	1891. Bushels.	1894. Bushels.
Europe	1,208,500,000	1,538,216,000
Asia	342,611,000	341,959,000
Africa	47,051,000	47,098,000
Australasia	33,875,000	43,360,000
North America	688,814,000	515,488,000
South America	48,805,000	104,000,000
Totals	2,369,746,000	2,590,121,000

The wheat harvest of 1894 was 220,000,060 bushels larger than in 1891, the increase in Europe being 330,000,000 bushels, and in South America 55,000,000. In Asia and Africa there was practically no change in the supply, but in North America there was a decrease of nearly 20,000,000 bushels in Canada, and over 150,000,000 bushels in the United States. Notwithstanding the fact that the North American continent produced 173,000,000 bushels less wheat in 1894 than in 1891, the export price of wheat fell from 93 cents a bushel in 1891 to 63½ cents in June of 1894.

Our per capita consumption of wheat in 1891 was 4.58 bushels; in 1892 it increased to 5.91 bushels per head of our population, but in 1893 it fell again to 4.85 bushels per capita. This meant a smaller home market for our own wheat by 70,000,000 bushels in 1893 than we had in 1892.

When the countries outside of North America increase their wheat supplies by 400,000,000 bushels within four seasons, it is very evident that the United States crop is becoming less of a factor in the regulation of price; also, that we shall not only feel the effect of this increased foreign growth in a depreciation of values, but that we may also look for considerable importations of foreign wheat, unless it is excluded from our American markets by a tariff that will afford ample protection to the American farmer.

If our consumption of wheat should still further decrease by the closing of any woolen factories, for instance, and the idleness of the hands, the farmers will still more feel the effect of free trade upon the price of wheat.

Buy the American Goods.

The imports of woolen dress goods at New York were 750,000 square yards larger during the first half year's operation of the new tariff than during the corresponding months a year earlier. Of woolen cloths the increase was 6,200,000 pounds.

Stick to It.

If we do our work at home our labor at home will be employed and the wages paid at home will be spent at home. This is the philosophy of protection, and it cannot be abandoned, amended or abated.—Governor McKinley.

That Rooster's Last Crow.

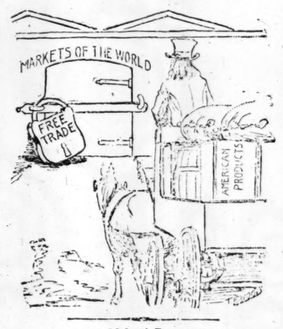
It is amusing to observe how lustily the free traders crow over the few increases in wages which have taken place since the "Tariff Reform" Congress adjourned.

Wages are going up in spite of the Democratic party and its free trade tariff. After the elections of last November the country began to take hope. It saw the beginning of the end of Democratic rule. Still there was no visible improvement in business—no upward movement in wages. It required the result of the spring elections to confirm the people in the belief that the reaction had come to stay. There are few who do not now believe that the Republican party will be fully returned to power next year. There is hope for the future, and advances in wages are the fruits of that hope. The real turning point in the great depression was the final adjournment of the Congress that passed the Wilson tariff. The Democratic party had done its worst and been repudiated by the country. The Nation has returned to its senses and business is once more on the up grade. From this time on we may look for gradual advances in wages, and as they come they will be hailed with gladness and satisfaction. It will take some time before they are restored to the high water mark of 1892.—Pittsburg (Penn.) Commercial Gazette.

Protection Ideas Abroad.

English newspapers are urging the farmers of that country to practice intensive farming to lessen the importations of cereals and meats from America and Australia. It is a sensible policy and shows what practical business sense will do for any country. It is the fundamental principle advocated by the Republican party for the development of the home interests of the people of the United States. It is wholly a mistaken idea that the Republican party is committed to a policy having in view merely the development of manufactures or the building up of special interests. Thorough protection will care for every general interest of the country.—Burlington (Ia.) Hawk-Eye.

Letting Ourselves Out.



An Object Lesson.

Here is a little object lesson in acrostics. Note that these ten American cities are prosperous, and then discover, woven through them all, the mystic thread that eloquently tells the story:

PHILADELPHIA
ROCKFORD
OSWEGO
SAINT LOUIS
PROVIDENCE
EAU CLAIRE
ROCHESTER
INDIANAPOLIS
TOLEDO
YONKERS

This very day at high noon a large number of gentlemen retired to the "shades of private life," and all because they would persist in "snipping" at this vital thread with the shears of bogus "reform."

See here what occurs in these same ten cities with protection wiped out:

YONKERS
ROCHESTER
EAU CLAIRE
OSWEGO
PROVIDENCE
PHILADELPHIA
TOLEDO
INDIANAPOLIS
ROCKFORD
SAINT LOUIS

How necessary it is that we who love our country first should stand as a solid phalanx against the insidious and unpatriotic attempts which have been, are being and will be made to effectually lower the proud banner of protection and trail it in the dust.

Oh, men of America, ye who are waiting
To see the bright dawn of a more hopeful day,
Stand firm for protection, and soon you'll discover
That good times have come back and come back to stay.

—Ulysses Grant Waite.

ELECTRICITY ON THE ERIE CANAL.

Line From the Boats Will Be Attached to an Electric Motor.

The rich allied corporations which have transformed the power of Niagara Falls into electric energy will soon begin a practical application of it by improving transportation on the Erie Canal. The Erie Canal Traction Company, at a meeting of its directors, made final arrangements for equipping a section of the canal with an experimental line and testing a peculiar system of towing. The Cataract General Electric Company is the distributing agent of the commission, having the whole State as its field outside of the countries of Niagara and Erie. It obtained from the State last year the exclusive and perpetual right to string wires and operate a towing system along the canals. This gives the right of way for feed wires from Buffalo to Albany, and the opportunity to put in operation rapid transit on the Erie Canal.

The Erie Canal Traction Company recognized that the use of propellers or paddle wheels would be impossible at the present depth of the canal, as the disturbance would soon wash away the banks. Some sort of towing system therefore became necessary. Ex-Senator Vedder, one of the promoters of the company, said:

"We have given the matter careful thought and have examined in detail many methods submitted. The one which seems most feasible and which we shall probably try first is the Lamb cableway system. This consists of two strong parallel cables strung along the banks. Upon the upper one moves a traveler, from which is suspended a compact, powerful motor. The lower cable takes three turns around the horizontal shaft of the motor. When the current is turned on the shaft revolves and the whole outfit move along. The upper cable carries the electri current. From the motor a tow line runs t the canal boat."

Could Not Fix the Blame.

The Grand Jury, which for three weeks has been investigating the dynamite explosion horror at Butte, Montana, in which fifty-eight men were killed, reports that it has been unable to fix the responsibility. Civil suits for damages aggregating $250,000 have been brought against the two hardware companies.

JAPAN YIELDS TO EUROPE

She Gives Up Her Claims on the Liao-Tung Peninsula in China.

PORT ARTHUR ALSO ABANDONED.

This Much She Concedes to the Wishes of Russia, Germany and France---China's Emperor Signed the Treaty of Peace---Foreign Fleets Assemble at Che-Foe For Peace Ratifications.

Japan, in conformity with the friendly advice of Russia, France and Germany, has undertaken to renounce her claims to final possession of the Fengtien or Liao-Tung territory in China.

Mr. Sone Arasuke, the Japenese Minister to France, informed M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, that Japan, in deference to the friendly advice of the protesting Powers, had renounced her claim to permanent possession of the Liao-Tung peninsula, including Port Arthur. A despatch to the London Globe says that Japan also intimated to Germany her willingness to give up possession of Liao-Tung.

The London Morning Post commends Japan for yielding to the demands of the three Powers, and condemns Russia, Germany and France for acting in their own interests and ignoring China. "Great Britain," it says, "was disinterested and equally loyal to both China and Japan."

The London News says: "The coalition has made a deplorable mistake in coercing Japan, but it is enough for us to know that we did not share the mistake."

The London Times says: "Japan is to be congratulated upon her good sense and the self-control of her statesmen. We rejoice that she recognized the wisdom of not pushing her pretensions too far. Russia is to be congratulated upon the success of her diplomacy. Events show how prudent it was for Japan to compel China to accept definite terms before replying to the Powers."

The radical journals agree that France would act wisely in advising Japan not to abuse her victory, but at the same time France must not resort to coercion.

The Paris Debats says: "Japan will not abandon her claims for recompense for the surrender of the Liao-Tung peninsula. Immediately after the ratifications are exchanged, negotiations will be opened with China. Japan will determine the nature of such recompense, and the Powers probably will support her in return for her yielding now."

It is presumed from this that an understanding has been reached with Russia whereby Japan will relinquish a part of the Chinese territory which she is permitted by the terms of the treaty to occupy, and thus placate Russia, who strongly opposes the presence of the Japanese troops in any part of China's territory.

Official information has been received at Washington, making it conclusive that the Chinese Emperor signed the treaty without modifications. As the Japanese Emperor affixed his signature two weeks before, nothing remained necessary in order to put the document into full effect but the formal ceremony of the accredited agents of each Government handing to the other in its elaborately decorated lacquered case the signed agreement of peace and amity and commercial intercourse.

Russia invited France and Germany to unite in guaranteeing the regular payment of the Chinese indemnity to Japan.

INCOME TAX REARGUMENT.

The Full United States Supreme Court Hears the Case.

For the first time in several months all the members of the Supreme Court were on the bench when according to previous announcements the income tax cases disposed of by the court on the 8th of April were opened for reargument, the arguments to be made upon all the points of the case, and not merely upon those special ones for which a rehearing was asked by counsel. The recent announcement of Chief Justice Fuller that a rehearing might be granted under certain conditions was intended to mean that if Justice Jackson should be present in court when the case was called the entire matter would be reopened. Justice Jackson sat in his accustomed place at the end of the line on the left of Chief Justice when the court met, and it was agreed by the lawyers interested that the fate of the income tax law practically rested in his hands.

Justice Jackson was the cynosure of all eyes, and appeared to feel keenly his peculiar surroundings as the practical umpire on the constitutionality of the law, the remainder of the court being equally divided. Feeble and emaciated, he had come to Washington from Tennessee for the express purpose of making it possible for the court to render a final decision on the constitutional question involved.

The discussion of the case was limited by the court to two counsels on each side, and at the suggestion of Mr. Choate the time was fixed at five hours on each side. W. D. Guthrie opened the argument for the petitioners. Messrs. Hyde and Pollock, who seek to enjoin the directors of the Farmers' Loan and Trust and Continental Trust Company of New York from paying the tax on the dividends declared on the stock of these corporations, and in so doing attack the constitutionality of the law. He was followed by Assistant Attorney-General E. B Whitney in support of the law.

The National Game.

Washington has a prize in Pitcher Mercer.

Slow curve pitchers are most effective against Cleveland.

The fielding of the League teams as a whole has so far been inferior.

The Louisville Club will pay the $500 fine imposed on Pfeffer by the League.

Catcher Ryan, of Boston, is said to be throwing like a ca apult this season.

Burkett, of Cleveland, is batting fiercely and leading the League in home runs.

Manager Davis, of New York, thinks he has secured a wonder in the tall college pitcher, Boswell.

Old "Longest-hit-ever-made-on-the-Grounds" has taken his cane and started on his annual rounds.

Umpire Betts expresses the opinion that Lawley, of Pittsburg, will lead the League pitchers this season.

Clingman has settled down as the Pittsburgs' regular third baseman. Niles will be retained as utility man.

McPhee, Cincinnati's second baseman, has actually dropped a fly ball already. It is rarely he does such a thing in a whole season.

Lively legitimate coaching is the life of the game—without it the sport will languish.

The Baltimores are experimenting on caps with transparent visors, which will allow them to look at the sun without affecting the eyes.

Pitcher Wilson, of the Bostons, was originally a catcher, who simply went in to pitch one day to help out his team, and did so well that he made a specialty of pitching ever since.

The experiment will be tried on the Philadelphia grounds of keeping all ball players except those actually playing or coaching out of sight of the spectators. This result will be attained by having the players' benches under the stand instead of in front of it.

For making the first home run hit of the championship season for Cincinnati Ewing received a suit of clothes and a new hat.

The silent coaching was not a success at Boston, and the Boston opinion now is that the new coaching rules must be changed, or else the club must furnish a brass band to stir up the animals.

It is said that the old campaigner, Anson, of Chicago, has stored in the basement of his home no less than 276 bats, each with its story. They have all been wielded by Anson himself in his many hard-fought struggles.

Umpire Betts says he fails to see why the custom of umpiring a game from behind the pitcher ever came into use, as it is impossible to judge doubtful foul or fair balls from this position, and but little advantage is gained in judging the plays on the bases.

PATRIOTIC DEDICATION.

The Washington Arch Formally Turned Over to New York City.

The Washington Arch dedicatory exercises in New York City elicited great popular enthusiasm. Grand stand tickets were distributed up to the capacity of the stands.

The programme for the day was the same as arranged and published for April 30th, when rain caused a postponement, except that the Second Brigade was absent.

The First Brigade formed at 2.30 on the west side of Fifth avenue, facing east, the right

WASHINGTON ARCH.

of each command resting as follows: Ninth Regiment on Fifty-first street, Twenty-second Regiment on Fifty-fourth street, Seventh Regiment on Fifty-seventh street, Twelfth Regiment on Sixty-first street, Seventy-first Regiment on Sixty-fourth street, Sixty-ninth Battalion on Sixty-sixth street, Eighth Battalion on Sixty-seventh street, First Battery on Sixty-ninth street, Second Battery on Seventieth street.

The First Naval Battalion formed with its right on Seventy-first street.

Each regiment and battalion, after the Commander-in-Chief had passed its front, moved to the east side of the avenue, and regained its place as soon as the reviewing party passed in rear. The command then formed in column and escorted the Commander-in-Chief to the arch, where it rested during the dedication ceremonies. The First Signal Corps acted as escort to General Fitzgerald, the Brigade Commander, and Squadron A were the escort of the Commander-in-Chief.

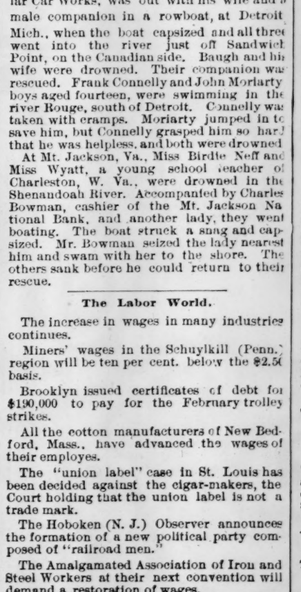
The ceremonies at the arch began at 3.45, on the arrival of Governor Levi P. Morton, of New York, and his staff, when Bishop Potter delivered an invocation. General Horace Porter made the oration, and Henry G. Marquand, Chairman of the committee having charge of the building of the arch, made a short address. William Rhinelander Stewart presented the key of the structure to the Mayor, who made a short speech and handed the key to the President of the Park Board, David H. King, Jr.

The exercises closed with the march of the militia through the arch, and the parade was then dismissed.

ECUADOR'S REVOLUTION.

The Revolutionary Leader is a Good Fighter and Has Financial Backing.

Recent advices from Ecuador state that a revolution has broken out. Its leader is General Aloy Alfaro. Of no man is Ecuador more afraid than of Alfaro. It was for his part in the revolution of 1885 that he was exiled to Nicaragua. He is said to be a



GENERAL ALOY ALFARO.
(Leader of the Revolutionary Forces in Ecuador.)

good fighter, and it is said that he has the financial backing of many prominent merchants in Guayaquil and Quito.

One of the feats that made Alfaro famous in the revolution of 1885 was the capture of a cruiser with almost five hundred men on board at Guayaquil. Alfaro's force numbered only seventy-five.

Should Alfaro succeed in ousting President Cordero, Senor Seminario will be put forward for the office.

DROWNED WHILE BOATING.

Four Persons Lose Their Lives at Detroit and Two at Mount Jackson, Va.

George H. Baugh, roller of the Baugh Forge Department of the Michigan Peninsular Car Works, was out with his wife and a male companion in a rowboat, at Detroit Mich., when the boat capsized and all three went into the river just off Sandwich Point, on the Canadian side. Baugh and his wife were drowned. Their companion was rescued. Frank Connelly and John Moriarty boys aged fourteen, were swimming in the river Rouge, south of Detroit. Connelly was taken with cramps. Moriarty jumped in to save him, but Connelly grasped him so hard that he was helpless, and both were drowned.

At Mt. Jackson, Va., Miss Birdie Neff and Miss Wyatt, a young school teacher of Charleston, W. Va., were drowned in the Shenandoah River. Accompanied by Charles Bowman, cashier of the Mt. Jackson National Bank, and another lady, they went boating. The boat struck a snag and capsized. Mr. Bowman seized the lady nearest him and swam with her to the shore. The others sank before he could return to their rescue.

The Labor World.

The increase in wages in many industries continues.

Miners' wages in the Schuylkill (Penn.) region will be ten per cent. below the $2.50 basis.

Brooklyn issued certificates of debt for $100,000 to pay for the February trolley strikes.

All the cotton manufacturers of New Bedford, Mass., have advanced the wages of their employes.

The "union label" case in St. Louis has been decided against the cigar-makers, the Court holding that the union label is not a trade mark.

The Hoboken (N. J.) Observer announces the formation of a new political party composed of "railroad men."

The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers at their next convention will demand a restoration of wages.

The American Industrial Union, a labor organization, has been formed in Chicago. One of its objects is to establish a universal eight-hour working day.

There are now about 406 blast furnaces standing idle in Great Britain that will never be put into blast again, and 126 finished iron works that will probably never be worked again.

Since the beginning of April the wages of more than eighty thousand workingmen in iron mills, woolen and cotton factories and other industries, have been substantially increased.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS KILLED.

Three of Them Shot Down by One Man---Woman's Gossip Said to Have Caused It.

Three school directors were killed in the Como (Col.) District a few days ago. The slayer and only survivor of the duel, "Ben" Radcliffe, was taken to Fair Play after surrendering, but declined to make any statement.

It is said that Mrs. Joseph Crockett wrote a letter to Radcliffe informing him that Samuel Taylor had made the statement that Radcliffe's daughter should not be allowed to go to school with decent children. This was accompanied by a broad insinuation.

Radcliffe armed himself with a revolver and a Winchester rifle and repaired to the place where the school election was in progress. What occurred is not known, for of four men who took part Radcliffe is the only survivor.

It is supposed that he accused Taylor of writing the letter and in the argument that followed George D. Wyatt and L. F. McCurdy, the other parties killed, took part against him. Wyatt's statement after he crawled to the door is rather incoherent and cannot throw any light upon the quarrel. Radcliffe has the reputation of always going armed, and during the past year he has had several quarrels with the School Board and the Superintendent. Wyatt survived four hours, but at no time was he able to give an account of the occurrence.

CLOUDBURST IN NEW YORK.

A Fierce Hail Storm, Terrific Thunder and a Brilliant Electric Display.

Reports of a terrific cloudburst were received from the southern part of Ontario County, New York.

A passenger on the Middlesex Valley train reported that when the train left Naples and had proceeded about a mile from the depot the clouds came together accompanied by terrific thunder and a brilliant electric display. Immediately the rain began to fall in torrents.

In the Middlesex Valley, in the vicinity of West River, the railroad was washed out in many places and crops and vineyards destroyed. When the train reached Russville the storm was such that it was not considered safe to send it further.

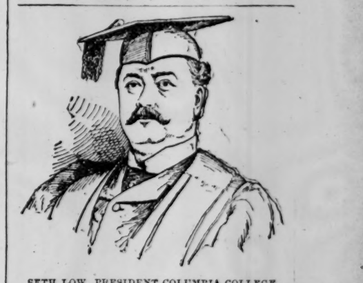
The storm was the worst in years. The bed of the railroad from Middlesex to Naples was washed out most of the way. Fields have been furrowed and the small streams were transformed into rivers.

The freight house at Russville was struck by lightening and completely destroyed. Great damage was done to telegraph and telephone wires, and in many offices the wires were burned out. Great damage was done along Canandaigua Lake, both to vineyards and to cottages.

PRINCELY GIFTS TO A COLLEGE.

Columbia Gets $1,000,000 From Seth Low and $300,000 From W. C. Schermerhorn.

At the last regular monthly meeting of the Trustees of Columbia College, New York City, it was announced that President Seth Low had given $1,000,000 to build a new li-



SETH LOW, PRESIDENT COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

brary, and that this gift was supplemented by one from William C. Schermerhorn, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, who had given $300,000 to build the Natural Science building. Mr. Low said that he wished the library building to be a memorial of his father, the late Abiel Abbott Low. F. Augustus Schermerhorn also donated the Townsend Library of war records.

BUCHANAN'S RESPITE.

Governor Morton Referred the Wife Poisoner's Case to the Attorney-General.

Colonel Cole, Governor Morton's Private Secretary, said that the Governor had referred the question of Dr. Buchanan's execution to the Attorney-General for a decision, in view of the legal difficulties which have arisen. The Governor took this step after receiving a telegram from District-Attorney Fellows declaring that there was no action pending in the United States Court to stay the execution of the wife-poisoner and urging the Governor to order the warden at Sing Sing to carry out the death sentence. To this the Attorney-General replied, for the Governor, that the matter would better be disposed of by having a new day for the execution fixed by the courts.

Warden Sage, of Sing Sing Prison, said that he would not execute Buchanan until he received authority from some court competent to pass upon the question.

C. P. HUNTINGTON WINS.

Judge Brown Denied the Writ to Remove the Case Against Him.

Judge Brown, in the United States District Court, New York City, denied the application for a writ of removal to California, in the case of Collis P. Huntington, President of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Mr. Huntington was arrested on a charge of violating the Interstate Commerce law by issuing a pass on the Southern Pacific Road.

In his decision Judge Brown said: "The application for removal must be denied on the ground that the indictment is fatally defective in not averring that any use was ever made of the pass, or that any transportation was ever furnished under it."

Mr. Huntington was indicted by the Grand Jury of the Northern District of California for a violation of the Interstate Commerce law by having issued a free pass to Frank Stone over the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Hooker Reunion at Hadley, Mass.

The Hooker reunion was held at Hadley, Mass., in the big canvas tent on the green opposite the farm house where General Joseph Hooker was born. The military parade was witnessed by 4000 persons, and the tent where the the exercises were held was crowded to its fullest capacity. The platform was filled with distinguished men.

Perished in a Leaky Boat.

Five persons were drowned in Carsrude's Lake, Colorado. The dead are Ray Badger, of Denver, aged nineteen; Robert Craig, of Fort Collins, aged twenty; a son and two daughters of H. C. Carsrude.

The party went out fishing in a leaky old craft.

Drowned With His Sister.

In attempting to cross the Clinch River at Clinton, Tenn., Thomas McGuire, a jeweler and optician, of Atlanta, and his sister were drowned, and their team of horses and $3000 worth of jewelry were lost.

THE TEXAS TREASURY INSOLVENT.

The Legislature Appropriated $514,000 More Than Could Be Paid.

The Texas State Treasury was announced insolvent by Treasurer Wortham. The passage of the General Appropriation bill by the Legislature just closed made the State liable at once for $614,000. To pay this amount there was only $100,000. When the bill became effective warrants were drawn, and within six hours every cent of the $100,000 in the Treasury was taken out, and there is now a shortage of $514,000.

Treasurer Wortham says it will be next January before the State will be on a cash basis again.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 1, 1894.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:35, A. M., and at 9:00 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:35 P. M., and 9:00 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Mail and steamer lines, and at Elenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all inte mediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER ROUTE.

The steamers Neuse and Newberne leave Elizabeth City daily except Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. S. & S. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern, daily except Tuesday and Saturday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVIS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H. Ziegler,

Dealer in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth-covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty. At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ABNEY, CARR & Co.

SEEDS 12 pkt's Flower 10c. 12 pkt's Vegetable 30c. 6 Dahlias 50c. 20 Gladiolus 30c. All $1. Half 50c. Price List FREE.

BEST—CHEAPEST H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

AWAY WITH PESSIMISM.

The pessimist has been unduly in evidence during the past few months. Aided by the dispiriting weather and the late Congress, he has been able to persuade a large number of usually healthy persons that things are not as things should be. The pessimist is a man who believes upon principle that there are more bad men than there are good men in the world. This lamentable belief does not stimulate him to take reformatory action. On the contrary he grieves rather than rejoices, and his stereotyped comment upon every movement which looks to the betterment of things is, "What's the use?"

At certain seasons of the year, notably in the spring, there is a general physical derangement which is variously known to laymen as "that tired feeling" and "spring fever." It usually results from a disordered biliary system or a lack of sufficient out-of-door exercise, and its victims are peculiarly susceptible to the plaints of the pessimist. Under the influence of the pessimist, abetted by this deplorable vernal malady, there has grown up a considerable body of misguided men who temporarily believe that every thing is dangerously near to the "demnition bow-wows." They see nothing but Cleveland in national politics. In international affairs their vision stops at Gresham. The weather is too hot or too cold, and it's either too rainy or too dusty.

Now this is all wrong. The world is all right if if you give it half a chance. Congress is Republican, and there will be no Cleveland in '97. Gresham is only a fleeting figure in public life. The rain cannot go on forever. The sun will shine and good weather, sure to come, will dispel every vestige of gloom from the heart of all, unless he be a yawping pessimist.

The suit of Governor Carr to annul and prevent the publication of the mortgage law fell flat in the Superior Court. Judge Starbuck cut short the arguments by deciding that he could not hear or consider evidence going back of the act itself. It goes to the Supreme Court.

An employe of the Public Printing office at Washington has been dismissed for writing and publishing in an Arkansas paper, over his own name, an article in which he called the President "a grand old rascal," and said "he is as full of perfidy as a snow ball is of water."

Ex-Solicitor Eugene D. Carter, one of the most prominent Democrats in Western North Carolina, is out in an open letter withdrawing from the Democratic party, and announcing his affiliation with the Republican party. The letter has created a sensation.

The event in this country which has caused the most gossip the past few days is the letter of President Cleveland practically warning officeholders that they cannot assail the position of the Administration on the silver question with impunity.

Did you ever think of it? If a Judge has the power to restrain election officers and prevent the holding of an election, he has the power to convert a political republic into a judicial despotism.

The Agricultural Department certifies that "the cuckoo is a very useful bird in this country;" but a majority of Democrats cannot be made to believe it.

The good times come slowly on account of Democratic hindrances, but they are coming, and nothing can prevent the gradual restoration of general prosperity.

It is quite evident that the silver controversy is going to make Democratic Conventions more lively this year than they have been for a long time.

The Treasury statement for April is disappointing and discouraging, which is equivalent to saying that it is just like the Democratic party.

The early reports from Europs indicate a short crop of wheat, which causes the grain experts to predict higher prices.

The American people will see that the country has an American Administration after the next election.

What the Cleveland administration does not know about all sorts of deficits no one can tell it.

Are there any other feeble republics in Central or South America that England can bull?

The Leather Trust is putting up prices. There is nothing hide-bound about this combine.

A THREATENED COMPETITION.

The cattle growers of the United States have a growing competition threatening them in the breeders of of the Argentine Republic. Argentine beef exports have already made a fair beginning in the European markets, although they do not yet of course compare in quantity with those of the United States, the proportion last year being only $5,000,000 worth of this class of exports from Argentina to $170,000,000 from the United States. The beef growers of the South American republic, however, have an advantage in their climate and they have of late cultivated alfalfa in immense quantities for pasturnge. Alfalfa is a cheap and effective fodder, and Argentine agriculturists are learning to utilize lands otherwise almost valueless for its cultivation.

From field and shop and factory come the notes of cheerful prophecy of better times coming and close at hand, which as the months go on will swell into a song of grateful jubilation, in which all the armies of labor can join in gleeful chorus, that the night is passing and the sunshine coming again for us all.

In the Municipal elections throughout the State last week politics was not involved in some of them, and in several there was but one ticket. The Democratic vote in nearly every city and town where a party issue was made, was decreased.

The Democratic party, with the Executive, Senate and House, succeeded in pretty completely bursting up the business of the country and ended by breaking itself into splinters.

The Supreme Court has decided without dissent that Hamilton G, Ewart, Republican, is the one duly appointed Criminal Court of the Second District.

Secretary Gresham is improving. What about his foreign policy?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 10, 1895.

There has been for some time a concerted attempt on the part of the Washington correspondents of the most prominent democratic papers to make it appear that whenever three or four prominent Republicans happened to be in Washington at one time they were engaged in conspiring for or against some one of the gentlemen who who have been generally mentioned as probable Republican Presidential candidates, and it is the result of orders from their home offices. First, they had a conspiracy being formed against Mr. Reed and in favor of Senator Allison; then Gov. Morton was the favored individual, and their latest attempt in that line was in favor of Gov. McKinley. Needless to say that there was absolntely no foundation for any of these misrepresentations. Even granting that there are prominent Republicans who are willing to enter a conspiracy either to secure the defeat or the nomination of any of the gentlemen named the exercise of a little common sense would make it apparent to even an ordinarily intelligent man that they would not do so more than a year before the holding of the nominating convention; also, that Washington, where they are all well known to the newspaper men, would be about the last place they would meet to arrange such a conspiracy. There is a double purpose in these false publications. First, the hope that they may help take public attention from the hopeless condition or the Democratic party, and second, the hope that they may result tn stirring up ill will between the supporters of the several candidates for the Republican nomination. But there is no probability of either hope being realized.

Secretary Morton is out with another gold standard letter, which makes it clear that Mr. Cleveland's alleged rebuke given him for writing the first one was just what it was intended to be—merely an anchor cast to windward, which might be a handy thing to have in case Mr. Cleveland should be driven to abandon the single gold standard. Meanwhile he winks at Morton as he keeps up his gold arguments.

The report that Secretary Oarlisle had positively stated that in the event of the next Democratic National Convention declaring in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, he would support the Republican candidates, and intimated that Mr. Cleveland would do the same, has caused much talk among the politicians. There is little doubt that Secretary Carlisle made the statement, but it was probably only intended for a bluff in the game which the administration is playing against the free silver wing of the Democratic party.

There is again considerable talk of an extra session of Congress to provide money for the government. The Treasury deficit continues to grow at an alarming rate and none of the predictions of Secretary Carlisle of increased revenues have turned out to be true, and there is nothing in sight to indicate any improvement in the receipts. In addition to the failure of Secretary Carlisle's estimates to materialize comes the loss of revenue expected from the income tax. The exemptions made by the first decision of the Supreme Court cut the amount of estimated receipts from that source half, and it is regarded as extremely probable that the decision of the full bench will wipe them entirely out, by declaring the law to be udconstitutional. In that case Mr. Cleveland will find it pifficut to avoid an extra session, no matter how much he may fear one.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OUR SPRING TIME.

For the CAROLINIAN:

Clear are own fair Southern skies,
And Spring has donned her virgin gown,
Sparkling the waves that wash the sandy shore,
Joyous the songs the birds sing o'er and o'er.

Sweet are the blooms that deck our orchard trees,
Wafting their fragrance through the land,
Tempting us forth to wile the hours away.
In idle dreaming where the shadows play.

But days are gone, and never come again;
A song is hushed, a voice forever still,
Spring time is past and Summer ends her reign,
Then clouds hang low and Autumn sunsets wane.

But far above our Father dwells and rules,
Holding our lives in His unerring hand,
Leading us on to peace and perfect light,
Where Winter comes not or no chill of night.

—AILEEN PEET.

IT IS "JUDGE EWART."

The Supreme Court Nullifies the Partisan Practice of Gov. Carr.

The Legislature seems to be somewhat "legal" after all. It will be remembered that the last General Assembly created two new criminal courts and elected Messrs. H. G. Ewart and C. A. Cook as judges for the same. But the action of the legislature—the law-making power of the State—did not suit Gov. Carr. He, therefore, took it upon himself to declare the legislature had no constitutional right to elect judges for courts, but forbore to declare the creation of the courts "unconstitutional." This was probably because he wanted to give some of his friends an office, for he proceeded to annul the elections made by the legislature by appointing Messrs. Thos. A. Jones and O. P. Mears as judges and issued commissions to them. This made it necessary for Messrs. Ewart and Cook to have the matter brought before the Supreme Court for adjustment. The case of Mr. Ewart was to the effect that his election by the legislature was legal and constitutional; and he will therefore get the position to which the representatives of the people elected him. The case of Mr. Cook is yet before the court.

THE WOOD DUCK'S FIRST SWIM.

How the Mother Gets the Little Ones From the Nest to the Water.

A few miles from my home there is a lake that has for years been the abiding place of a colony of wood ducks. I have spent hours along the shores watching these prettiest of water fowls. The wood duck has one peculiarity not possessed by other members of the duck family—it builds its home high up in the cavity of some decayed limb, usually one that juts out over the water.

The eggs, from seven to 13 in number, are creamy white in color. Housekeeping is begun in May, and the young are ready to leave the nest early in June.

I was curious to know how the little ducks reach the water from their lofty homes. I had often seen them, when hardly clear of their shell, swimming about with their mother and felt convinced that they never could have left home unaided.

One bright June morning fortune favored me. I had rowed along the lake shore to pay a visit to a houseful of noisy red wing blackbirds. My boat was lying motionless among the tall cattails that fringed the shores of the lake.

Suddenly I heard a loud splash behind me, and turning to look I saw on the water a short distance away, just shaking the spray from her wings, a female wood duck and near her two tiny yellow balls, so small that they resembled water lilies floating on the surface.

The old bird took wing, hovered and circled above her babies for a few minutes and then flew to a cavity in a tall tree, a short distance away. In a short time the male bird, arrayed in the handsomest of plumage, joined his mate. Then for a few minutes I could hear a soft cooing noise, which reminded me of husband and wife discussing some important point relative to the welfare of their children.

The cooing soon stopped and the mother duck appeared in the doorway of her home. Then she dropped toward the water at a slight angle. As her breast struck the surface she immediately dived, and where her body had been I was surprised to see two little ducklings swimming about as unconcerned as though they had been traveling in the water for years.

The routine of flying to the nest was repeated four times in rapid succession, and each time it resulted in an addition of two to the family in the water, which kept growing until it numbered 12. Then the mother duck swam out in the lake, followed by her brood, while the male bird brought up the rear of the procession, acting, no doubt, as a guard and protector.—C. S. Shick in Philadelphia Times.

He Got the Sugar.

The following anecdote of a tame monkey, to whom was given a corked bottle with a lump of sugar inside, indicates that the animal, though unable to invent, could imitate. A phrenologist would say that the monkey had "perception," but not "causality." How to get at the sugar was a problem that bade fair to drive him crazy.

Sometimes in an impulse of disgust he would throw the bottle out of his reach and then be distracted until it was given back to him. At other times he would sit with a countenance of intense dejection, contemplating the bottled sugar, and then, as if pulling himself together for another effort at solution, would sternly take up the problem afresh and gaze into the bottle.

He would tilt it one way and try to drink the sugar out of the neck, and then suddenly reversing it, try to catch it as it fell out at the bottom.

Under the impression that he could capture the sugar by surprise, he kept rasping his teeth against the glass in futile bites, and warming to the pursuit of the revolving lump used to tie himself into regular knots round the bottle.

Fits of the most ludicrous melancholy would alternate with spasms of delight as a new idea seemed to suggest itself, followed by a fresh series of experiments.

Nothing availed, however, until one day a light was shed upon the problem by a jar containing bananas falling from the table with a crash and the fruit rolling about in all directions. His monkeyship contemplated the catastrophe and reasoned upon it.

Lifting the bottle high in his paws, he brought it down upon the floor with a tremendous noise, smashing the glass into fragments, after which he calmly transferred the sugar to his mouth and munched it with much satisfaction.—Youth's Companion.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. C. T. U. Column.

CONDUCTED BY A MEMBER.

According to statistics, the saloon, in order to live, must have 100,000 boys a year. Have you a boy to spare?

The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Tuesday, May 21st at 4 o'clock, p. m. in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. The subject will be "Narcotics."

This is how the money goes and why so many people are poor: Drink bill, $1,200,000,000; Total expenses of U. S. Government in 1891, $437,466,368; Public Education, $85,000,000.

"To see is to prove," and the record of the National Temperance Hospital in Chicago, under the management of the W. C. T. U. are showing that alcohol as an active medicinal agent can be dispensed with in the treatment of diseases.

The man who says: "I can carry more liquor than any other man in town and yet keep a level head," gives by that claim an inventory of goods already badly damaged. For since alcohol is pre-eminently a brain poison, men of the most brain grow dizzy first, and Hottentots stand steady longest, while genius shrivels under drink like a snow wreath in the sun.

No young man will ever find that the principle of abstinence from liquor is a barrier to any success, social, commercial or otherwise. On the other hand, it is the one principle in his life which will, in the long run, help him more than any other.

North Carolina, favored with a fine climate and fertile soil, and many other facilities for getting wealth, has within her boundaries one-twelth of the distilleries in the United States. Instead of turning her corn into meat she buys her bacon from the West and makes her corn into whiskeyto destroy her sons. Fruits which might be canned and preserved to the increase and comfort and health, are manufactured into brandy and into that which biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder. Where these distilleries flourish churches die out and young men die drunkards.

FOUR BIG SUCCESSES.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale: Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed; Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys; Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealerwhose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them Sold at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug store.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself while Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, imparing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegeteble and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while using Baco-Curo. it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cury any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. Baco-Cuto is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our iron-clad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes [thirty days treatment,] $2 50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical and Mauufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, La Crosse, Wis

A DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

Captain Jack Crawford's Midnight Adventure With an Apache Indian.

When within a few feet of where I stood, the stalwart savage, his eyes gleaming with hatred, lifted his knife and sprang toward me. I leaped forward to meet him and succeeded in grasping the hand which held the weapon, and with a grip like a vise held to it. He clinched with me, and a terrible struggle ensued. We fell to the ground and rolled over and over in our desperate struggle for the supremacy, yet I clung to his wrist, for my life depended on preventing him from using the knife. In our struggle I noted that we were nearing the brink of the precipice, and I hoped we would go over, for death in that manner was preferable to being slaughtered by a savage hand, and there was keen satisfaction in the thought that my enemy would die with me. Nearer and nearer we rolled in our fearful struggle for the mastery, I endeavoring to roll over the brink, he to prevent it, until at last, to my great satisfaction, I felt the edge of the cliff begin to crumble beneath me, and down we went.

We struck the bottom heavily, and to my astonishment neither of us seemed to be greatly injured. I fell almost underneath him, and in a moment he succeeded in getting me on my back and sat astride of my prostrate form. He had dropped his knife in our fall, and seizing me by the long hair near each ear began to beat my head against the ground in an endeavor to stun me into insensibility.

Thump! thump! thump! my head was beaten against the ground, and an angry voice greeted my ears.

"I'll teach you to grab me that way and choke me half to death (thump! thimp!) and then roll out of bed with me. (Thump! thump!) What's the matter with you? Are you crazy?"

It was my wife. She sat astride of me, and at almost every word gave my head a thump against the carpeted floor of our bedroom.

It was all a hideous dream. In my desperation I had seized her, and we had a terrible struggle, finally falling out of bed upon the floor.—Captain Jack Crawford in Home and Country.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 12, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I was rendered entirely helpless from rheumatism in my right side and arm and had to give up work. I used **Mexican Mustang Liniment** freely, and within a month I was able to be about and can now attend to my business regularly. Whenever my arm or side hurts me I rub the Mustang Liniment in well and plentifully, apply a warm flannel when going to bed, and in the morning all pain has disappeared. I hope all who are troubled with rheumatism will try this liniment and convince themselves of its value. Yours,

Weigher in Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co. J. R. CLIFTON, 204 McManus St.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 11, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For 15 years I have used **Mexican Mustang Liniment,** and consider it the best liniment on earth; I am never without it. I recently used it on a bad gall on my horse's neck and it cured it in 3 days. I had, also, a bad sprain in my leg and had to use crutches several days. As soon as I commenced to use MUSTANG LINIMENT I felt relief, and in a few days was entirely well. I recommend it to any one needing a liniment for horses or for self, with confidence that they will get their money's worth.

Yours, JNO. R. HUTCHINGS.

Of Carrington & Hutchings, Prop's Ream's Warehouse, Durham, N. C.

Suffered 25 Years.

Kidney Difficulty. Entirely Cured by 3 Bottles.

REV. A. J. MERCHANT. D.D. PH.D.

Late Presiding Elder M.E.Church. Sharon, Pa. writes Dr. Fenner:

"I suffered 25 years with kidney difficulty. Some 10 years ago I used 3 bottles of your Kidney and Backache Cure.

I can truly say that since that time I have had less backache than I had in 10 minutes before I took the Cure. I feel entirely cured."

Blood and Liver **Dr. Fenner's Remedy and Never Fails.** Nerve Tonic

It is a Sarsaparilla-Mandrake-Prince's Pine Alterative, Nerve Tonic and Restorative Compound.

CERTAIN AS THE LAW OF GRAVITATION.

Physics from blood, liver and tissues all worn-out particles and impurities, without weakening but strengthening instead, and Restores the Nerves.

Cures Headaches, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Bad Breath, Skin Diseases, Old Sores, Dizziness, Scrofula, General Debility, etc.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Sample free.

Mother! Keep your child's stomach and bowels healthy with Dr. Fenner's Sennatoria. The best laxative and corrective known.

Dr. Fenner's Soothing Syrup. Allays irritation and gives refreshing sleep.

Dr. Fenner's Worm Syrup. "Brought 150 worms from our child. Mrs Sherlock, Elida, O."

Dr. Fenner's FAMILY (Salt Rheum) Ointment. Best for skin eruptions, Piles, Sores, Cuts, etc.

FOR SALE BY DR, J. E. WOOD, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Nctice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as administrator of the late Joseph Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. J. MURDEN, Administrator.

May 11th, 1895.

Executor's Noticei

HAVING qualified as Executor of the late L. B. Midgett, Sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of theri recovery.

JESSE E. MIDGETT, Executor.

May 11th, 1895.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Charles Guirkin sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. M. L. GUIRKIN. Administratrix.

April 12, 18

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of Joseph Price and Nancy Price dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to their estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of of their recovery.

W. M. PRICE, Administrator.

April 6, 1895.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Geo. W. James, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

B. F. JAMES, Administrator.

April 4, 1895.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.

Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers, Elizabeth City, N C, and other financial houses when desired

Established 1861,

Sml, M. Lawder&Son

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

Fresh Fish,

SOFT CRABS

TERRAPIN, &C.

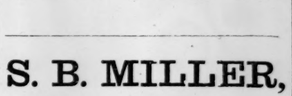
125 Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Quick Sales, Prompt Returns.

S. B. MILLER,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH Dealer,



7 FULTON FISH MK'T

NEW YORK.

North Corolina Shad a specialty. Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,

Richmond, Va.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cashe On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery Trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of

FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET.

New York.

Write for Stencils and Stationary.

$100.00 Given Away Every Month

to the person submitting the most meritorious invention during the preceding month. WE SECURE PATENTS FOR INVENTORS, and the object of this offer is to encourage persons of an inventive turn of mind. At the same time we wish to impress the fact that

It's the Simple, Trivial Inventions That Yield Fortunes

—such as De Long's Hook and Eye, "See that Hump," "Safety Pin," "Pigs in Clover," "Air Brake," etc.

Almost every one conceives a bright idea at some time or other. Why not put it in practical use? YOUR talents may lie in this direction. May make your fortune. Why not try?

Write for further information and mention this paper.

THE PRESS CLAIMS CO.

Philip W. Avirett, Gen. Mgr.,

618 F Street, Northwest,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The responsibility of this company may be judged by the fact that its stock is held by over one thousand of the leading newspapers in the United States.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colics.	.25
3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.25
18	Ophthalmy, Sore or Weak Eyes.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough.	.25
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	.25
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	.25
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling	.25
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.25
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.	.25
29	Sore Mouth, or Canker	.25
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
31	Painful Periods.	.25
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.	.25
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.	.25
	EXTRA NUMBERS:	
28	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges.	1.00
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) MAILED FREE.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

MONEY can be earned at our New line of [illegible] either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. All can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is entirely new, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $5 to $20 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

ONLY $2.50
THE BEST WATCH
Elizabeth City for the money.
ONE.

ONLY $2.50.
BEST WATCH in Elizabeth City
the money, and fully guaranteed at
Hathaway Bros.,
THE RELIABLE JEWELERS.

North Carolina
Iron Works
—AND—
Supply House.
Machine Shop & Foundry,
MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS
Made and Repaired.
Steamboat & Mill Work
a Specialty.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.
Prices per hour for Machine work are as follows: Lathe work form 50 to 60c. Planer work from 50 to 60c. Drill work 50c. Shaper 50c. Fitting 35c. Outside work 35c. Forge 50 to 60c. In our foundry we are capable of casting anything from one pound to one ton.
Prices for castings are as follows: Grate Bars (small) 2c; Grates (standard) 1½c; General castings from 2½ to 3c. Brass castings from 20 to 30cts per pound.
We carry in stock a full line of Bogy Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.
We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.
We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Packing, Waste, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.
We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. We are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machinery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.
For further information, address,
J. H. PARTRIDGE,
P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—D. Bradford, J. L. Sawyer, J. E. Wood, J. R. Fisher and G. W. Cobb. Clerk, C. C. Allen Treasurer, T. R. Mann. Constable and Collector, Thomas Williams. Attorney, Geo. W. Ward. Street Commissioner, Monroe Bright. Commissioners, Fred. R. Ziegler and C. W. Twiddy.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brocks.

Postmaster—F. V. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor; Episcopal, Rev. C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, Rev. L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, Rev. F. H. Johnston, pastor.
COLORED—Methodist, Rev. H. Pettiford, pastor; Corner Stone, Elder Zion H. Perry, pastor; Olive Branch, Elder J. A. Banks, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, Rev. J. H. Coleman, pastor.
Y. M. C. A.—Rooms over Dr. McMullan's drug store, corner of Mathews and Water streets. Religious exercises every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All gentlemen cordially invited. J. B. Blades, President; R. O. Preyor, vice president; J. D. Sykes, sec'y; H. O. Hill, treasurer.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317; Dr. J. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, W.; J. Salomonsky, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y and T. R. Mann, Treasurer.
Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14; A. S. White, N. G.; E. F. Sawyer, V. G.; A. W. Morrisett, Sec'y J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.
Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1209. C. E. Kramer, Regent; T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; J. P. Overman, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Jr., Collector; N. A. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, jr. Guide.
Knights of Honor: John H. Engle, Dictator, J. H. Burgess, Reporter, J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman, Fred Whitehurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph A. Harrell, Charles L. Weeks.
Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris.
Board of Education: G. W. Ward, S. P. Morgan, J. C. Commander. Superintendent of Public Instruction, William J. Griffin.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

C. Pool,	Carolinian Building
W. Albertson jr.	Elliott street,
G. W. Ward,	Elliott street,
Heywood Sawyer,	Main street,
F. Aydlett,	Main street,
J. Griffin,	Main street,
W. Albertson sr.	Elliott street,
C. Brooks,	Carolinian Building,
F. Lamb,	Main street,
Frank Vaughan,	Carolinian Build ng.

PHYSICIANS.

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street.
W. W. Griggs,	Church street,
J. E. Wood,	Church street.
Dr. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
J. B. Griggs,	Church street.

DENTISTS.

J. H. White,	Main street,
F. B. Swindell,	Water street

DRUGGISTS:

Alex. Wadsworth,	Road street,
J. R. Wood,	East Main street,
Griggs & Griggs,	Water street,
Fleetwood & Bro.,	Main street,
Dr. G. McMullan,	North Water street.

SCHOOLS.

Atlantic Collegiate Inst.	S. L. Sheep, Prin'l
Second School	I. N. Tillett, "
State Normal (col.)	P. W. Moore, "

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 15, 1895.

☞ Dull hoe, long row.

☞ Truckers are shipping peas and cabbage.

☞ Judge Boykins decided against the "injuncters."

☞ The election was held on Monday, as the CAROLINIAN said it would be.

☞ The farmers are considerably discouraged because of long rainy weather. A good deal of corn has got to be replanted, and the grass is making speed headway.

☞ A lettter informs us that our venerable friend Capt. L. Bannister Midgett sr., of Rodante, Dare county, departed this life on the 2nd inst, aged 70 years. He leaves ten sons, two daughters and about sixty grand-children to mourn his loss. For over twenty years he was in the habit of calling to see us, and did so on his last visit to our City a few months ago. We little thought it would be the last time.

☞ After the argument in the injunction case was concluded, the Judge reserved his opinion, stating that there was one point which he was considering. When he dissolved the injunction upon two grounds—1st, that he had no power to grant it, and 2nd, that the plaintiffs had ample redress by proceeding in the nature of quo warranto—it became manifest that he was considering this point, to wit, how he could let the plaintiff's lawyers down easy and not attack their knowledge of law and their common sense.

☞ Although unusually rainy, May has not neglected to proclaim herself the "Month of Roses." In almost every yard in town these lovely flowers are expanding in fragrant beauty, but to see them in real luxuriance one should visit the yard of Capt. J. F. Snell, where they are blooming in royal profusion. A large boquet, containing over a dozen varieties of this queen of flowers, ranging through the shades of crimson, pink and yellow, has graced our sanctum during the past week, having been presented by the kindly hand of our generous friend. May he live long and prosper, and may his roses, free from blight and slug, increase in beauty every year.

☞ The Municipal election, on Monday, passed off very orderly. In the 1st, 3rd, 4th and 5th Wards there was no opposition to the Republican candidates for Commissioners. In the 2nd Ward, where the normal Democratic majority is over 200, the "machine" nominated Dr. W. W. Griggs, and the opposition voted for George W. Brothers, who was defeated by only *one* vote! The vote in the Wards was as follows: In the 1st, 139 for Alson B. Seeley; in the 2nd, 117 for William W. Griggs, and 116 for George W. Brothers; in the 3rd, 90 for Thomas A. Commander; in the 4th, 121 for John P. Overman, and in the 5th, 154 for Palemon John.

——On the Bonds, the total vote cast for them was 616, and 27 against, as follows: in the 1st, 133 for and 4 against; in the 2nd, 126 for and 20 against; in the 3rd, 91 for and 2 against; in the 4th, 121 for, and in the 5th, 155 for and 1 against. The number of registered voters is 938, as follows: In the 1st Ward, 195; in the 2nd, 274; in the 3rd, 111; in the 4th, 132 and in the 5th, 226. The legal majority for the Bonds is 322.

☞ In the "Injunction" case argued before Judge Boykin, at Manteo, on the 7th inst, the opening speech for the defendants was made by Wm. J. Griffin esq. He read decision after decision, showing that the Court had no power to grant the injunction, and that even if it had the power it would be improper because another and better remedy was provided by law. J. Heywood Sawyer esq., also for the defense, made a speech of great power and unanswerable logic. Both of these gentlemen not only acquitted themselves with distinguished credit, but made a profound impression upon all who heard them.

——Judge Pool submitted four reasons why the injunction should be dissolved: First, the defendants are performing the duties imposed upon them by law. They are obeying a plain mandate of the law-making power. Second: Another act, known as the Bond Act, ratified on the 9th day of March, 1895, provides for an election on the same day. If the registrars are required to close their books and the Sheriff is not allowed to appoint pollholders, this election cannot go on under an act which is not attacked Third: An injunction is in the nature of an equity proceeding, and should not be granted unless there be no other adequate remedy. The plaintiffs will have an ample redress by proceedings in the nature of quo warranto. Fourth: The Court has no power to restrain election officers. So well established is this principle, that even if election officers disregard the injunction they are not guilty of contempt.

——As the Judge was coming to Elizabeth City, he reserved his decision until 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, when he refused to grant the injunction.

☞ See Administrator's and Executor's notices.

☞ Have you seen those Patent Leather and Tan Shoes at McCabe & Grices?

☞ Don't put too much faith in novelties.

☞ The price of corn at Norfolk 50 cents; in this market 52.

☞ As to weeds, "wherever you see a head hit it."

☞ It was Cowper who spoke of the tea "cup that cheers but not inebriates."

☞ Old Pictures copied and enlarged by Zoeller, on Water street.

☞ "No flies on him" is not a recent expression. It occurs in Don Quixote, in Sancho's wise sayings.

☞ McCabe & Grice keep the correct styles of Men's and Boy's Hats. Call and get one for Easter.

☞ Many a man could save a good home and enough land to live on comfortably if he would unload the mortgaged end of the farm to his creditor.

☞ J. L. Sawyer & Co., have just received a car load of Windows, Doors and Blinds. Give them a call when in need of anything in the Hardware line.

☞ Mr. Gilbert Elliott, a native of Elizabeth City, died at Staten Island, New York, on the 9th inst, aged 50 years.

☞ Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. Dr. Humphrey's Specific No. 15 opens the clogged ducts, purifies the blood, renews the vigor and cures the rheumaiism.

☞ We acknowledge an invitation to attend the Commencement Exercises of the State Normal and Industrial School on the 22nd and 23d insts.

☞ Nothing is gained by rushing or fretting, but much is lost when the wear and tear on the system is considered.

☞ Have your old Pictures copied at Zoeller's. Don't give them to an unreliable copying agent.

☞ To "Querist's" question the CAROLINIAN replies that the colored population in the United States in 1890 was 7,470,040.

☞ Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

☞ The number of acres a man controls is no index of either wealth or prosperity. It has been far easier to get "land poop" than to get prosperous from owning land in the last decade.

☞ Rock bottom Prices on Windows, Doors, Blinds, Paints and Barb Wire at John L. Sawyer & Co.'s.

☞ The CAROLINIAN is asked "In what part of the Bible is the word 'ferry boat' used?" In II, Samuel, xix, 18: "And there went over a ferry boat to carry over the King's household, and to do what he thought good."

☞ If you want a Shoe that is durable, stylish and up-to-date, you can't do better than try the Zeigler Shoes at THE FAIR.

☞ John L. Sawyer expects a carload of wire this week. Get their prices before buying. They will save you money.

☞ The latest style in neck wear at McCabe & Grices.

☞ Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth, and Spring Clothing at Fowler's, and at the right prices to match the times.

☞ A big lot of Men's light Clothing, actual value $12.50, fine, all wool and well made, will be sold at $5.00 suit at Fowler & Co's until sold out. Call and examine them.

☞ Truckers, you will make no mistake in buying your Potato Barrels of The Jones Manufacturing Company, of this City. They make decidedly the best Truck barrel on the market.

☞ LADIES: At Fowler & Co's you'll find over 200 different styles of ladies fine shoes in black and russet. These shoes are manufacturer's samples, and ladies who wear 3's to 4's should not miss this opportunity of purchasing unusualy good shoes at a low price.

☞ Fowler & Co. will take pleasure in showing you their nice line of Silks, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Hamburgs and White Goods. An examination of goods and prices is sufficient to sell them.

☞ The present Commissioners and their friends are very indignant at the penalty section of the new charter. Their lawyers, at Dare Court, called it a "guillotine" and defiantly asserted that no such infamous provision was ever made before, For the benefit of these gentlemen we quote section 615 of the Code, which was adopted by a Democratic Legislature in 1883.

When the defendant, whether a natural person or a Corporation, against whom such action has been brought, shall be adjudged guilty of usurping or intruding into, or unlawlully holding or exercising any office, franchise or privliege, judgment shall be rendered that such defendant be excluded from such office, franchise or privilege, and also that the plaintiff recover costs against such defendant. The court may also, in its discretion, fine such defendant a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars.

Democratic fine, $2000: Republican fine, $500.

☞ Science is the master power of our times.

☞ To several subscribers who complain that they receive their CAROLINIAN late, we will say that it is mailed at this office regularly every Wednesday forenoon.

☞ The boy said to the hen that cackled after laying an egg, "Biddy, you need not make such a fuss over that egg. God made it, and you could not help but lay it."

☞ Because the father was compelled to work himself almost to death when he was young is no sort of reason why his child should be made to work himself nearly to death.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 4:54 and will set to-night at 6:58.—Our bright young townsman Willis Gregory has returned home from Poughkepsie, N. Y., where he attended a course in the Business College there. —The strawberries in market are richly red in color, but the price they have been bearing have had a decidedly silver hue distinctly discouraging to the frugal housekeeper.—When Judge Boykin on the injunction crowd "sot down,"
Sicker set of men were never seen in our town.
—A good many people think that a man's best friend is a fat pocketbook.—The "bomb" fired against the PEOPLE rebounded and exploded in the "ring" gang camp!—Flattery is the food of fools.—Among those from here attending the Southern Baptist Convention are Rev. D. Blackwell, W. T. Love, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Aydlett, John D. Sykes, Miss Pattie Sanderlin, Mrs. T. S. White and Mrs. Geo. Whitehurst. Mr. Jerry W. Wilcox, also attended.—The following is handed in as a sample of the "Spring poetry" hummed throughout the land the past few weeks:

It's time to get the carpet fixed,
And once again has come,
The same old weary warfare twixt
The hammer and the thumb.

—Mr. H. W. Styron, of Hatteras, dropped in on Thursday and paid his respects. He was on his way on a business trip North.—The tardy person has three hads: right, left and a little behind hand.—Mr. Reuben Davis, who has been spending some weeks in Philadelphia learning how to manage gasoline engines, has returned: He will take charge of the "William A. Winant."—Time is the surgeon who sets broken hearts.—Do not believe that it is really so much harder to say the pleasant thing than the disagreeable—Francis H. Hoffecker, esq., a leading member of the Wilmington, Del., Bar, spent a couple of days in our city last week. He gave us a pleasant call.—A rhyming swain say:

Between my lady's smile and tear,
The April shower, the May-day rose,
Is just a trifling thing I fear;
In fact, a dainty little nose.

—"I hear your wife is making a collection of antiques," said a victim's friend. "Yes, She's crazy about everything that's old, except her bonnets and dresses. I notice she still thinks the newer they are the better."—The "ringsters" have failed in their every move; indeed they have "petered out."—A man never learns how to step on the tack of adversity with comfort to himself.—"He's a bad egg," said one citizen. "Yes, he'd be hard to beat," replied another citizen.—Miss Minnie Spence left last week to visit her sister, Mrs. D. D. Raper, at Edenton.—Fear in love has no luck.—Hunger is the best sauce and asks no saucer.—"Let not your angry passions rise."—The first legal election for Town Commissioners since 1888 took place here Monday. —Chimes the Versifier:

The bird now tunes his merry lay,
With many a trill and twist;
And the mosquito, sad to aay,
Is next upon the list.

—"Killing time" is the commonest kind of fool suicide.—Master Leroy Crawford, of the Junior Base Ball Club, met with an accident while playing a game on Friday, resulting in the fracture of a leg. Being one of the most expert players, he will be missed on the grounds.—Mr. M. N. Sawyer left on Saturday to attend the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at Greensboro.—Overcoats and fires were needed for comfort on Sunday.—The "ring" slate was smashed to "smithereens" on Monday. —Mrs Mat Baker, of Edenton, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs Joseph Pritchard, at the West End.—Remember, we have no quarrel with those who differed from us on the Bond question. We THINK they will live to realize that they were mistaken.—See new "ad" of Hathaway Bro's, the Reliable Jewelers.—Read the very pretty little original poem in this week's CAROLINIAN.—Capt. R. S. Daniels, of North River Light House, gave us a very pleasant call yesterday.—The Democratic Commissioner elect is a little "previous" in his boast that he "was elected by white votes." Without the *negro vote* cast for him he would not have been elected!—An interesting protracted meeting, beginning on Sunday night, is in progress at the Methodist Church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. H. Hall.—The American Legion of Honor has paid to Mrs M. L. Guirkin $5000, the full amount of the policy held by her late husband Col. C. Guirkin in that order.—There are tramps about town. They have been ordered to leave One, who attempted to break into a box car, was wounded by a pistol shot. He was taken to the Poor House.

☞ Loving art for art's sake is not greatly unlike loving pie for pie's sake.

☞ Things that they do not have constitute the greatest load that small minds have to bear.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufucture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C.

☞ The largest stock of Men's Furnishing Goods in the City—perfect fitting and latest styles—at McCabe & Grice's.

☞ We sell more Clothing than any other Store in Elizabeth City. We have the largest stock to select from. Call and see us. McCABE & GRICE.

A WOMAN WHO WILL WORK

WANTED in every county to introduce the Celebrated "Hygea" Waists for all ages. This waist supercedes the corset, and has received the unanimous approval of the leading physicians of America. $3.00 outfit free. Any energetic woman can make from $15 to $50 weekly. Send for circulars and terms. HYGEIA M'F'G CO., 378 Canal st N Y

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains. Corns and all Skin Fruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

Spring Gentle Spring,

But don't spring too far. There's no reason for it when you have McCabe & Grice right at your door.
But what we were going to say was that

Spring,
Gentle
Spring

will soon be knocking at our doors and we're fully prepared for the tender maiden. Our store is filled with seasonable goods at prices that will even make SPRING. GENTLE SPRING stare when she arrives at

McGabe & Grice,
Leading Merchants and Hustlers,
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C

THE SONG OF THE SHIRT.

It is of interest to read the exact number of stitches contained in a Shirt, according to the list of their position as given by a Shirt-Maker. When we add to this labor, cost of the material and the cutting out, the puzzle is how can such a garment ever be sold as cheap as it is.

	STITCHES.
Stiching Collar, four sides	3000
Sewing the ends	509
Buttonholes & sewing on buttons	500
Sewing collar & gathering neck	1204
Stitching waistband	1228
Sewing the ends	68
Buttonholes	148
Hemming the slits	264
Gathering the sleeves	840
Setting the waistbands	1468
Stitching shoulder staps, 3 rows	1880
Hemming the bosom	393
Sewing the sleeves	2554
Setting in sleeves and gussetts	8050
Tapping the sleeves	1526
Sewing the seams	848
Setting the gutsetts in	424
Hemming the bottom	1104
Totol stitches	25000

Think of putting 25000 stitches in a fast colored shirt and selling it for 75c. Colored and White Shirts from 39c to $1.

NECKWEAR.

There are social Ties and kindred Ties
And Ties in a games of ball,
But the Neckties that we advertise
Are the prettiest Ties of all.

All the Latest Styles of Neckware at popular prices. The Four-in-Hand Teck, when worn, has the appearance of a self-made tie. Graduated Four-in-Hands, DeJoinville Tecks and Four-in-Hands, Riverside Club Ties, Bows etc., in dark and light colors.

R. Salomonsky,
Reliable Advertiser of Facts.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Mr. Hugh Cale leaves to-day on a visit to Bertie.

Miss Ada J. Towe left on Saturday last for New York city.

Mr. Clinton Overton, from Washington, is at home visiting his parents.

Mr. John A. Dempsey returned Saturday from a brief visit to Hertford.

Rev. W. C. Butler returned Monday from a ministerial visit to Edenton.

Mrs. Jennie Newby and daughter, Miss Mary L., are both on the sick list this week.

Fletcher Post No. 20, G. A. R., have issued the programme for the local observance of Memorial Day.

Rev. R. H. Dick, of Norfolk, will lecture at the Court House to-night for the benefit of the Pennsylvania Mission.

Lawn parties and parlor socials seem to be popular just now. Quite a number have been announced for this week.

Rev. H. Pettigrew left fot Hertford yesterday to participate in laying of the corner-stone of the new academy at that place, which will take place to-day.

Among those who are to participate in the dedicatory exercisei of the new Samaritan Hall on Wednesday next are Rev. M. P. Hawkins and Prof. R. M. Lee, of Edenton, and Rev. J. W. Moore, D. D., of Goldsboro.

The Elizabeth City State Normal School's Commencement Sermon will be preached by Rev. M. W. D. Norman, professor of Theology in Shaw University, May 26, in Mt. Lebanon A. M. E. Z. Church. The Annual Address will be delivered by Rev. C. S. Blackwell, D. D., of this city, May 31st, in the court house.

MARVELOUS RESULTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich. we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little intermission and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results. Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and $1.

AMERICAN
SIX DOLLAR
TYPEWRITER

is just the thing for business and professional men who have a few letters to write and want those letters to look well. Doctors and lawyers, especially, find it very handy. Children easily and quickly learn to write on it.
It will do just as good work as the $100.00 machines. Of course it is not quite as fast. It is simply constructed, easily learned, easily operated.
We'll send you a letter written on it—along with a special circular—if you'll send us your address.

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NG. Grandy & Co.

MERCHANDISE BROKERS,
.....AGENTS FOR.....
Woldredge High-Class
FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

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KILN & AIR DRIED
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Building Materia
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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Estimates Furnished. Address,
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CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatuleney. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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WELL STOP RIGHT WHERE YOU ARE.
OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS FULL OF THEM.

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THE FAIR,
DRY GOODS. CLOTHING
Furnishing Goods,
Hats, Caps, Shoes &c.
—WATER STREET—
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT OUR STORE IS AN ASSURANCE BY US THAT YOU'VE RECEIVED THE BEST QUALITY LATEST STYLE, LOWEST PRICE.

We Want Your Trade, we Want it in a way to Hold it.
BY SELLING THE BEST AND DIVIDING PROFITS WE CAN DO IT
If we Merit your Patronage on this basis, Come now and Pick out the Goods
Prices on Everything EXTREMELY LOW.
If it's Bargains You are Looking for, Come At Once to Us.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms or money refunded. Price $1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) for $2.50. For sale by all druggist or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & M'f'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Office of the PIONEER PRESS CO., C. W. HORNICK, Supt.
St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.
Eureka Chemical and M'f'g Co., La Cross, Wis.
DEAR SIRS—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years have smoked fifteen to twenty cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called "Keeley Cure," "No-To-Bac" and various other remedies but without success until I accidently learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and to-day I consider myself completely cured; I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your Baco-Curo simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.
Yours very truly, C. W. HORNICK.

OUR NEW
Spring & Summer
stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Millinery &c.
HAS ARRIVED.
New Goods, New Styles and the Lowest Prices. You are respectfully invited to call and look them over.
MOSES WEISEL.

FOWLER & CO.
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DRY GOODS
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Bottom Prices to All.

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Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

On the Spot.

"Out damned spot," was what troubled Mrs. Macbeth; but it was something intangible that she saw. In the active season of spring and summer sports—there are spots that are not visionary, but which bring with them pain and great discomfort. Bruises, black and blue, are the accompaniments of every active sport. They often cripple and are always a sore trouble. Come from what source they may, the thing to do on the spot is to use St. Jacobs Oil freely and promptly. There is nothing surer and it wipes out the pain as we would wipe off a slate. In like manner sudden attacks of rheumatism, to which people are liable at this season, can be promptly cured by applying St. Jacobs Oil to the pain spot.

The largest canal lock in the world is in the Manchester (England) ship canal.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Last year the sheep in this country grew 307,100,000 pounds of wool.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

CURE your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate cough.—Rev. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., February 24, 1894.

Scrofula Taints

Lurk in the blood of almost everyone. Even in its worst form, however, scrofula can be cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is proved by the following and hundreds of other cases:

"I write to tell what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me. My case was scrofula in its worst form. A large tumor gathered under my chin on the left side and continued to grow until it was as large as a hen's egg. I had it lanced and had to keep a poultice on it all the time. I had tried many remedies, but my trouble lingered and I had about given up when I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla. I concluded to try it, and after taking almost seven bottles I am again enjoying the best of health. The sore is completely healed, Hood's Sarsaparilla effecting a permanent cure." CLARENCE ALLEN, Oil City, Kentucky. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. This is the season when such a medicine is most needed, because at this time the blood is full of impurities. Get Only Hood's.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

★ ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR ★

IMPERIAL GRANUM

IT IS

★ THE BEST ★

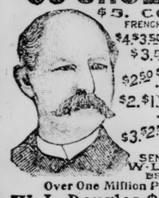
FOOD

FOR NURSING MOTHERS, INFANTS AND

CHILDREN

★ JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York. ★

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3 $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the
W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

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N. Y. Office, 41 Dey St.

LINENE REVERSIBLE COLLARS

Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. *They fit well, wear well and look well.* A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.
A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address
REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY,
77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

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RUPTURE Cured POSITIVELY HOLDS RUPTURE

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Worn night and day. Has an Adjustable Pad which can be made larger or smaller to suit changing condition of RUPTURE. Illus. Cat. sent securely sealed by G. V. House Mfg. Co. 744 Broadway, N. Y. City

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PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war. 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

SWEPT BY THE TORNADO

Scenes of Suffering and Ruin in the Storm's Track.

SCHOOL HOUSES DESTROYED.

Youthful Lives Crushed Out by the Cyclone That Devastated Sioux County, Iowa---Thrilling Story of Survivors---The Country Strewn With the Bodies of Domestic Animals.

Probably a hundred persons were killed by a cyclone that passed through Sioux County, Iowa, from southwest to northeast an hour before sunset. Half a score of prosperous little hamlets were touched by the flying storm and hundreds of farms were laid waste. The territory devastated is as rich and populous as any in Iowa, but the storm mainly kept clear of the railroad tracks and telegraph lines. A pitiful feature of the disaster was the number of youthful lives crushed out by the cruel wind. Four school houses near Sioux Centre were destroyed while school was in progress, and at each one from three to ten children were killed or injured. Many of the children were carried from a quarter to half a mile before they were dropped. Two little daughters of John Koster, a farmer, near Sioux Centre, were picked up as they were leaving the school house and dashed into a wire fence and both killed.

Two sons of C. H. Haggle, at the same school house, had their legs broken and received other fatal injuries. Mr. Haggle's house is near the school and, although he escaped, his daughter was fatally injured. The towns of Sioux Centre, Ireton, Orange City, Perkins, Doon, Hull, Sheldon, Alton, Ashton, Sibley and Lemars were almost entirely in the path of the cyclone. Fatalities were reported from Sioux Centre, Ireton, Orange City and Perkins.

The cyclone was followed by a furious wind and rain storm. Telegraph lines and railroad tracks were disabled. The fatalities in the various towns are estimated as follows: Sioux Centre, fifty dead; Perkins, forty dead; Doon, ten dead; Sibley, five dead.

No intelligent estimate of the damage inflicted can be made, but it will reach into the millions. A curious feature of the cyclone was the accompaniment of electric violence. Many deaths by lightning were reported. Numerous victims were found lodged in the trees, where they had been hurled by the storm and fatally injured. Two grown boys, who had come from a field near Alton at the approach of the storm, were injured while in the barnyard, one fatally.

Wires were completely stripped from the poles, and in some places the posts were all taken from the ground. Horses, cattle and vehicles were hurled through the air like chaff, and the country for three-quarters of a mile wide and many miles in length is entirely wrecked. Where fine residences had stood could be found nothing but a cellar hole and in some cases a few twisted timbers.

At Sioux Centre all the business houses were closed between 2 and 5 o'clock p. m., next day, and five funerals took place during that time.

Mayor Robie, of Sioux Centre, telegraphed to Sioux City for assistance, asserting that money, food and household supplies are urgently needed. It is estimated that $12,000 will be required to properly care for the sufferers. Fully one thousand families in the neighborhood of Sioux Centre are destitute and homeless. A mass meeting was called by the Mayor and nearly $5000 in cash was raised. A quantity of food and supplies were donated.

The destruction of the school house where George Marsden was teaching furnishes a pathetic story. Nor a vestige of the building remained. Mr. Marsden was found some distance away, in a field. Two of his scholars were close beside him. Two little daughters of John Koster, pupils in the same school were found clinging to each other, covered with mud, tangled in a wire fence. The residence of Mr. Haggle, close to the school house, was swept away like a straw, and his eldest daughter, who was indoors when the storm struck it, was found in the branches of a tree nearby badly injured. All his other children were killed.

In the valley of death from Ireton to Sioux Centre, which nearly parallels the railroad track, there was left nothing but debris. Dead horses, cattle, sheep, chickens, articles of wearing apparel, portions of houses and barns, pieces of wagons and farming implements, and everything movable was scattered along the route. Around Sioux Centre forty farmers are homeless and ruined.

In the district around about the Haggle and Koster homesteads forty families are homeless and ruined. The same number is reported from Sioux Centre, and between Perkins and Ashton twenty-five families have nothing left.

Altogether 300 families are homeless as the result of the five minutes' destructive work of the cyclone. The average of the loss to each family is about $7000. It is thus seen that the financial loss is very large and cannot easily be repaired.

In many cases it will never be repaired by the present owners of the land, as several of them have already left the country. The injured aggregate 100 people.

EVACUATION OF CORINTO.

The British Withdraw Their Fleet and Nicaragua Will Pay.

The evacuation of Corinto by the British marines and fleet was quietly accomplished, and the port was restored to Nicaraguan authority. Shortly after midnight Minister Guzman received a cable message saying that the preliminaries had been satisfactorily arranged with the British Admiral through the intermediation of Senor Fiallos of Honduras. In this manner Nicaragua was spared any appearance of humiliation and friction was avoided. Nicaragua will pay the indemnity in London within the two weeks stipulated, and the remaining terms of the ultimatum will be satisfactorily arranged.

Biggest Market in the Country.

Tearing down the old frame structure in Wallabout Market, Brooklyn, N. Y., has begun. The new market, to be of brick, and several of the new buildings are nearly completed. The whole market when finished will cover a larger area than any other market in the country. With 1,000,000 population, 1500 retail meat shops and over 3000 retail grocers, its success seems assured, as the retail dealers have been crossing the river and buying supplies in New York, but by purchasing in Brooklyn they will save from two to three hours, the time it takes to go to New York and return.

Oil Found in Wyoming.

A sand-bearing oil has been discovered in a tunnel being driven at Douglas, Wyoming, for irrigation purposes. The oil was on the surface, and can be seen floating on the water coming from a spring in one of the gulches. It has been pronounced equal to the Casper oil. Developments of the Douglas field will be begun at once. The oil lands are situated close to the railroad and near the North Platte River.

Gold Discovered in Tennessee.

Gold has been discovered near Raleigh, a suburb of Memphis, Tenn.

Tornado in Texas.

A tornado passed over Denison, Texas. Houses were blown down and stock killed. The storm crossed Red River to the Indian Territory, making a swath through the forest. At Aubrey one house was demolished. Near Carrolton dwellings were removed from their foundations, and at Van Alstyne houses and barns were unroofed. A cyclone swept the country west of Paris, Texas. Half the town of Brookston is reported to be in ruins.

Destruction in Illinois.

The tail end of a tornado struck St. Charles, Ill. It blew down the walls of a deserted building in the Osgood block. Miss Hattie Church was instantly killed. Five other people were buried under the ruins.

Blamed for the Elbe Disaster.

The Elbe investigation was resumed at Lowestoft, England. The jury returned a verdict that, in their opinion, the collision was due to gross negligence on the part of the mate and lookout man of the Crathie. Owing to the absence of evidence from any of the crew of the Elbe, the jury were of the opinion that there was not sufficient proof that the Crathie was solely to blame for the disaster to justify a verdict to that effect. The Captain of the Crathie was entirely exonerated.

Late Strawberry Crop.

The strawberry crop from Charleston, S. C., is from two to three weeks late this season.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

19

MILK AND CREAM.

A fair demand has been reported the past week, with the market generally active. The average price received for the platform surplus was $1.20 per can of 40 quarts.

Receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals			1,498,020
Condensed milk, gals			13,240
Cream, gals			38,355

BUTTER.

Penn.—Fresh, extras	—	@	18
Firsts	16	@	17
Thirds to seconds	12	@	15
State—Fancy	—	@	17
Seconds to firsts	13	@	16
Western Im. Creamery	8½	@	13½
Western Dairy	7½	@	12½
Factory, fresh	7	@	11

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	7¾	@	7¾
Full cream, good to prime	6¾	@	7¼
State Factory—Part skims, common to prime	1¼	@	4
Part skims, choice	4½	@	5
Full skims	1	@	1¼

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh	13½	@	13¾
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	14½
Western—Prime to choice	13	@	13¼
Duck eggs	13	@	17
Goose eggs	—	@	30

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1894, choice	—	@	2 50
Medium, 1894, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Pea, 1894, choice	2 00	@	2 05
Red kidney, 1894, choice	1 90	@	1 95
White kidney, 1894, choice	2 30	@	2 35
Black turtle soup, 1894	1 65	@	1 70
Lima, Cal., 1894, ₱ 60 lbs	—	@	3 00
Green peas, bbls	—	@	1 05

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Jersey, ₱ crate	2 00	@	3 00
Apples, greenings, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Baldwin	3 50	@	4 75
Golden Russet	2 50	@	4 00
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket	—	@	—
Catawba	—	@	—
Strawberries, Fla., ₱ qt	10	@	18
Other sections	10	@	28

HOPS.

State—1894, choice, ₱ lb	9	@	9½
1894, common to fair	4	@	6
Pacific Coast, choice	9	@	9½
Good to prime	7	@	8
Old odds	2	@	3

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	80
Clover mixed	55	@	60
Straw—Long rye	40	@	60
Oat	40	@	45

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb	10	@	10½
Spring chickens, ₱ pair	60	@	1 00
Roosters, old, ₱ lb	—	@	6½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	90
Geese, ₱ pair	60	@	1 00
Pigeons, ₱ pair	25	@	40

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	13
Chickens, Phila. broilers, ₱ lb	30	@	40
Capons, Phila	—	@	—
Western	—	@	—
Fowls, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks ₱ lb	8	@	12
Geese, ₱ lb	5	@	8
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 50	@	3 00

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, State, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 10
Florida, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 75	@	3 00
Cabbage, Fla., ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Onions—Yellow, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Bermuda, ₱ crate	1 15	@	1 25
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Yellow, ₱ crate	75	@	1 00
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches	1 00	@	1 75
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate	2 00	@	3 50
Celery, Southern, ₱ doz	50	@	85
Beets, ₱ doz. bunches	1 25	@	1 75
Peas, N. C., ₱ basket	1 25	@	1 75
Radishes, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Spinach	75	@	1 50
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	2 00	@	5 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents	—	@	4 40
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 10
Wheat, No. 2 Red	—	@	68¾
May	—	@	66½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	55½
Oats—No. 2 White	36¾	@	37
Track, White	37	@	41
Malt—Western	—	@	—
Barley—Ungraded Western	—	@	—
Seeds—Timothy, ₱ 100	5 00	@	6 50
Clover	8 75	@	9 50
Lard—City steam	—	@	6¾

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	8	@	9½
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	6	@	8½
Country dressed	5½	@	8
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 87
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs	5 35	@	6 00
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	5 00	@	5 20
Dressed	5	@	7½

TO BUY LARGE HERDS.

American Cattle Dealers Negotiating in Vera Cruz.

A number of American cattle dealers are negotiating for the purchase of the large herds which are held in the Huasteca District, State of Vera Cruz, Mexico, and which range over portions of the States of Purblin and Hadalgo. These herds are practically the bulk of the cattle remaining in the entire Republic for consumption and export. There has been a movement on foot to ship a large number of the cattle by sea to New York and place them on the market at the high prices ruling for beef. The supply of stock in other parts of Mexico is hard to compute with exactness but from none of the cattle districts can any considerable amount of stock be shipped to the United States market.

The State of Chihuahua, which is the largest producer in Mexico, has sent over 40,000 heads of steers to the St. Louis and Kansas City markets since the change in the tariff regulations regarding Mexican cattle and the output has been further stimulated by the feeding concessions which have been put into effect at El Paso lately. None of the Northern Mexican cattle companies has any surplus stock to speak of on hand now and the entire output at the present time is only about forty car loads per week.

Many telegrams have been received from United States buyers making inquiry regarding the supply of Mexican cattle, but no material relief can be apparently given from this country.

Injured at a Bull-Fight.

During a bull-fight at Barcelona, Spain, one of the animals jumped across the barriers and wounded many persons, three seriously.

Newsy Gleanings.

Ohio has 10,185 saloons.

Texas has 3,738,000 sheep.

Londoners employ 10,800 cabs.

Chicago had 111 suicides between January 1 and May.

The Board of Agriculture of Kansas reports half the wheat crop killed.

Attorney-General Olney directed that the suit for $15,000,000 against Mrs. Stanford, of California, be pushed.

On May 1 Ephraim L. Frothingham completed fifty years of service in the Boston (Mass.) Custom House.

Secretary of Agriculture Morton will buy in future only seeds that are "rare or uncommon in this country."

The farmers of Southern New Jersey are jubilant over the prospects for an immense yield of peaches this season.

The masher has become so numerous and obnoxious in St. Louis that the authorities have declared war on the pest.

The Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabel is lying at the Quarantine station in Tampa Bay, Fla., looking out for filibusters.

Brockton (Mass.) manufacturers have decided almost unanimously to increase the prices of shoes from fifteen to twenty cents a pair.

The girls in the University of Michigan will graduate in calico gowns in order to be able to subscribe more liberally to the gymnasium fund.

Millers in the West talk of making an attempt to limit production of flour, secure control of the spring wheat crop and force prices higher.

Much destitution prevails on the Labrador coast, and the British Government has decided to send a schooner with $2000 worth of seed grain to the settlers.

The output of bicycles in the United States this year is estimated at 400,000, and it may reach 450,000, which would be double the production of any previous year.

Professor Swithin C. Shortlidge, who shot and killed his wife, formerly Miss Jones, of Brooklyn, at Media, Penn., in 1893, has been released from the Norristown Insane Asylum.

The citizens of Cincinnati, Ohio, are assembling in the night, armed with shotguns, to get rid of the English sparrows. The feathered nuisances are being slaughtered by thousands.

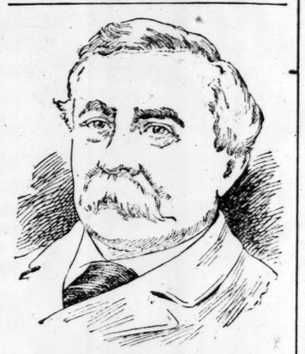
A. J. Blackwell, the rich and erratic Indian who owns the cities of Blackwell and David, in the Indian Territory, announces that he will build a $300,000 temple at David City, Oklahoma, for the perpetuation of Indian religions.

NOTED NEW JERSEYMAN DEAD.

Ex-Governor and Vice-Chancellor Green Succumbs to Heart Disease.

Ex-Governor and Vice-Chancellor Green died the other morning at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., from valvular disease of the heart. He had been ailing for several months.

Robert S. Green was born at Princeton, March 25, 1831. He was the son of James S. Green, whose father, the Rev. Dr. Ashbel



ROBERT STOCKTON GREEN.
(Vice-Chancellor and ex-Governor of New Jersey, Who Died in Elizabeth.)

Green, was President of Princeton College. The Vice-Chancellor's great-grandfather, the Rev. Jacob Green, was Chairman of a committee which prepared the first Constitution for the State of New York at the Provincial Congress, held in 1776. After graduating from Princeton, in 1850, Mr. Green studied law, and in 1853 was admitted to the bar. He soon after moved to Elizabeth, and was appointed Prosecutor of the Borough Courts. In 1858 he became City Attorney of Elizabeth. In 1868 he was appointed Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and County Courts. In 1884 he was elected to Congress. Mr. Green was a delegate to the conventions which nominated Stephen A. Douglass, General Hancock and President Cleveland. In 1886 he was elected Governor after an exciting canvass. When his term expired, in 1890, he was appointed a Vice-Chancellor. In 1894 he was made a member of the Courts of Errors and Appeals, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Walter Phelps.

Mr. Green married in 1857 and his widow, three daughters and son survive him.

ELECTION LAWS INVALID.

Judge Goff Declares South Carolina's Registration Acts Unconstitutional.

The State of South Carolina received two severe blows in the United States Circuit Court at Columbia. The more important and far reaching case was that regarding the registration laws of the State.

Ever since it was decided to hold a Constitutional Convention, of which the avowed purpose was to insure white supremacy, the colored voters have been much worked up. Church collections were made for a fund with which to contest the calling of the convention and the validity of the election laws. Colored preachers were hard at work, and the efforts of the colored people indorsed by the Republican leaders, have now been rewarded in the preliminary legal fight, in which the registration laws are held to be unconstitutional by Judge Goff.

He holds, in a long opinion, that it was the intention of the Legislature in passing the registration law, "How best to abridge and destroy the greatest number of votes of the citizens of African descent, while at the same time interfering with as few as possible of the voters of the white race."

The decision of the court is that the registration law is harassing, unnecessarily rigid, discriminating and outrageous in certain provisions, and is null and void. This leaves the State without any election laws, or with the same conditions as existed prior to 1882, when the law was enacted.

The decision of Judge Simonton in the dispensary law, while it will, if sustained, be a severe blow to the system, will not necessarily kill the law. It will simply establish the right of the citizen to bring liquor into the State for his own consumption and not for sale.

The State authorities announced that the dispensary system was there to stay, and that they did not believe the Supreme Court would sustain the opinion of Judge Simonton. A test case will be made at once, and it is the intention of the State to have constables continue the seizures, put themselves in contempt of court, go to jail and then ask for habeas corpus proceedings.

Turney Inaugurated in Tennessee.

After four months of contest Governor Peter Turney, who was declared Governor of Tennessee by the Legislature, was inaugurated at Nashville. The ceremony began at noon and lasted an hour. It was a Democratic inauguration. Republicans and Populists remained away by agreement.

The Republicans went to Chattanooga and spent the day with H. Clay Evans, who had a majority of 748 on the face of the returns, but was declared not to have been legally elected.

Stepfather and Son in a Duel.

A duel took place in Galveston, Texas, between Louis Zimmerman and his stepson, Henry W. Bauss, resulting in the instant death of the former and the fatal wounding of the latter. Litigation over property and domestic troubles were the cause.

Held Up a Stage Coach.

A stage coach running between Calistoga, Cal., and Clear Lake was held up and robbed by two masked men, who secured about $1200 in cash and looted the Wells-Fargo treasure box. The highwaymen also secured considerable valuable jewelry.

Englishmen Buy American Pig Iron.

The Sloss Iron and Steel Company, Birmingham, Ala., sold to parties in Liverpool, England, 100 tons of pig iron. The order is only an initial one.

Crew of Thirty-Two Lost.

The sealing schooner Walter Earle, of Victoria, British Columbia, was overturned, and her crew of thirty-two men lost their lives.

Peace in the Orient.

The ratifications of the treaty of peace between China and Japan were exchanged at Chefoo.

Prominent People.

A colossal statue of Queen Victoria is to be erected at Rangoon, Burmah.

Campbell Bannerman is supposed to be the richest man on the English ministerial bench.

Sardou's income from royalties on his plays in France and other countries is $150,000 a year.

Carl Vogt, the famous German naturalist, died in Geneva, Switzerland. He was in his eighty-second year.

Mrs. Mary A. Livermore and the Rev. D. P. Livermore celebrated their golden wedding on the 6th of May.

Bismarck told a deputation from Austria that the Triple Alliance is the modern form of the ancient German Empire.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, of France, has nearly completed her memoirs, which are not to be published till after her death.

The Earl of Jersey owns a margarine factory, near London, which turns out 175,000 pounds of butter substitute per day.

The Austrian Emperor created a sensation in Vienna the other evening by appearing at a theatre. It is the first time he has been seen at a playhouse since the tragic death of his son.

"Dan" Rice, the veteran circus clown, who is now over seventy years old, lives quietly in a cottage at Long Branch, N. J. He still has a ruddy face, a strong voice and a hearty manner.

Charles B. Lewis, better known as "M. Quad," resumed on May 1st his editorial connection with the Detroit Free Press.

The King of Italy is credited with dispensing more charity than any other of the crowned heads of Europe. And he has probably a larger percentage of subjects who need charitable aid.

The Emperor William has decided that he will unveil the monument of the late Emperor Frederick on the battlefield of Worth on the anniversary of his father's birthday, the 18th of October.

The late Don Miguel Dugan, a native of Ballinacargy, Ireland, who died at Buenos Ayres, was one of the wealthiest ranchmen in the Argentine Republic, owning 550,000 sheep, 200,000 cattle and 50,000 horses. The estate he left is estimated to be worth $30,000,000.

ENGLAND IS APPEASED.

Nicaragua's Indemnity to Be Paid After the War Ships Withdraw.

SALVADOR TO THE RESCUE.

Guarantee is Given That the Money Shall Be Remitted Within a Fortnight as Agreed—Final Settlement of the Controversy Between the Two Countries—Opening the Port of Corinto.

The Nicaraguan incident, growing out of the British occupation of Corinto, has been practically and happily settled, seemingly, through the good offices of the Salvadorean Minister to Great Britain and France, who arrived in London from Paris, and had an interview with Lord Kimberley, the British Foreign Secretary.

It is understand that Ambassador Bayard was present at this meeting, although the statement of Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons that the United States had not suggested terms for an amicable settlement would indicate that Mr. Bayard was only present in a friendly capacity.

The conference between Lord Kimberley and Mr. Medina, the Minister from Salvador, resulted in a definite arrangement of terms for the settlement of the trouble at Corinto, the substance of which was immediately cabled to Secretary Gresham by Mr. Bayard.

In the despatch Mr. Bayard said that Great Britain had accepted the guarantee made by Salvador of the payment of the indemnity of $77,500 demanded by Great Britain, the payment to be made by Nicaragua in London within a fortnight, and the British Government agreeing that, as soon as Nicaragua confirmed this promise, to pay and informed the British Admiral in charge of the naval forces at Corinto of that fact, the Admiral would be instructed to withdraw not only the force of marines which, under command of Captain French, now hold possession of the Custom House and other Government buildings at Corinto, but also to remove his war ships from the harbor.

The despatch from Mr. Bayard was received at the State Department, Washington, by Assistant Secretary Uhl, the Acting Secretary of State in the absence, through sickness, of Secretary Gresham.

The President was promptly advised of the receipt of the intelligence that a settlement of the Nicaragua difficulty was in prospect, and immediately drove to the White House, where Mr. Uhl joined him with a copy of the dispatch.

The Nicaraguan Minister to the United States, Dr. Guzman, is deeply gratified at the satisfactory termination of the serious dispute between his country and Great Britain. Dr. Guzman says there is no doubt that the Zelaya Administration will pay the indemnity in London within fifteen days if the British ships be immediately withdrawn.

A review of the successive steps which led to this result will show that Dr. Guzman telegraphed the Nicaraguan Government that it would be better to pay the idemnity and thus rid itself of the presence of the British war vessels, which were a source of great irritation to the people. He received a reply saying that Nicaragua would pay the indemnity in London in fifteen days if the British vessels were removed. Dr. Guzman communicated these facts to Secretary Gresham, who cabled them to Ambassador Bayard, coupled with a request that they be brought to the attention of Lord Kimberley. The other portions of the Secretary's despatch were not made public, but he is believed to have asked Mr. Bayard to present the case so strongly as to secure Lord Kimberley's acquiescence. Lord Kimberley notified Mr. Bayard that Nicaragua's proposition would be accepted and thus terminated a difficulty which, had it been prolonged, might have led to serious results.

WILL RUN BY ELECTRIC POWER.

Locomotive of a New Type Completed at the Baldwin Works.

An electric locomotive of a new type has been completed at the Baldwin works at Philadelphia for the North American Company, which operates the property of the Oregon Transcontinental Company and an extensive street railway and electric lighting interest in Milwaukee. This locomotive is intended for special experimental work in handling heavy freight and for switching purposes. It resembles somewhat the ordinary consolidation type used for pulling freight in yard work. There are four pairs of drivers coupled together by connecting rods. The drivers are fifty-six inches in diameter, the end ones only being flanged. The motors, four in number and alternating in position, are of the "continental" iron-clad type. The motors are made for 800 volts at 225 revolutions, which equals sixty-five miles an hour when in motion. Each motor will give about 250-horse power, and there will be a constant drawbar pull of over 10,000 pounds.

Venezuela Honors President Monroe.

A popular subscription has been opened at Caracas, Venezuela, for the statue of President Monroe, to commemorate the Monroe Doctrine.

TURNEY DECLARED GOVERNOR.

End of the Gubernatorial Contest in Tennessee After Debate.

The Senate and House of Representatives of Tennessee met in joint convention at Nashville, and resumed the consideration of the contest between Peter Turney (Dem.) and Henry Clay Evans (Rep.) for the Governorship.

At the night session intense feeling was created during the speech of Senator Bates, who took the penitentiary corruption for a text.

The argument closed at 11.40 p. m., and the roll was called. The majority report presented by the investigating committee in favor of Turney was adopted, the vote being 71 to 57.

The announcement of the result was greeted by loud cheers by the Turney men, and cannon were fired on Capitol Hill.

Will Graduate in Calicoes.

The senior literary class of the Ann Arbor (Mich.) University had its cap and gown "swing out" at chapel exercises before an immense audience, which cheered loudly as over 100 of the class marched in with their mortar boards and sable robes. Slightly over half of these were "co-eds." The sensation of the day was caused by the circulation of a pledge among the "co-eds" in the class to graduate in calico or other cheap dress so as to subscribe the more liberally to the "co-ed" gymnasium fund.

ILLINOIS CRIES "ENOUGH!"

Titled Sons-in-Law Cost Money and There Are Worthy Americans.

In the House at Springfield, Ill., Mr. McCarthy obtained unanimous consent to introduce the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the members of the General Assembly do hereby request the daughters of Illinois not to accept the hand in marriage of any person not a citizen of the United States by right of birth or naturalization, as we are of the opinion that the daughters of Illinois should be patriotic in their views and should disregard the title of any foreigner and marry none but a citizen of the United States."

CHUNK OF WOOD AS EVIDENCE.

Upon It Depends the Disposition of a Fortune of $40,000.

Upon a chunk of wood 200 years old depends the disposition of a $40,000 fortune at Philadelphia, Penn. The suit was the case of Ruhannah W. Creesse against the Security Trust Company in foreclosing proceedings on a mortgage for $40,000 on valuable ocean frontage property at Five Mile Beach. The leading evidence introduced was this section of a tree. In the wood several inches beneath the bark marks were found which it was claimed were surveyors' marks defining one of the boundaries of the property in dispute. This was admitted in evidence. Two wills dated 200 years ago were also introduced at the trial, which is not yet ended.

Millionaire Must Found Rock.

Henry W. Chandler, a millionaire manufacturer of St. Louis, Mo., was sentenced to six months on the rock pile and fined $500.

He betrayed the wife of his closest friend, who, instead of taking a personal revenge, prosecuted him in a court of criminal correction. Owing to a peculiar section of Missouri law he cannot take an appeal. Judge Murphy declared that he must work out every day of his sentence pounding rock.

Ice Will Be Cheaper.

Ice water will not be as expensive a luxury next summer as it was last. This is due to the general ice harvest that was made all over the country during the past winter, and the consequent abundant supply.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

Joseph H. Choate closed the argument in the rehearing of the income tax cases. The Supreme Court adjourned.

Captain Howgate, the ex-Signal Service officer, who has been confined in the District jail awaiting a second trial on the charge of embezzlement, has been released on $15,000 bail.

The United States man-of-war Ranger was ordered to Ecuador to protect American interests in a revolution which has broken out there.

Argument in the income tax rehearing was continued on the second day of the trial before the United States Supreme Court by Joseph H. Choate, Attorney-General Olney and Assistant Attorney-General Whitney.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, wrote another open letter to the President on the silver question.

The President appointed Herman Kretz, of Reading, Penn., to be Superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint, and William E. Morgan, of Philadelphia, to be coiner in the same mint.

Senor Dupuy de Lome, the new Spanish Minister, was presented to the President at the White House by Acting Secretary Uhl, with all benefitting ceremony, and was cordially received.

Secretary Hoke Smith decided that the State of South Dakota was not entitled to take up 50,000 acres of land in the Yankton Sioux Indian reservation in that State, the proclamation for opening which lands being in the hands of the President for signature.

Ambassador Runyon with Rear Admiral Kirkland, commanding a squadron of four vessels, have been officially delegated to be present for the United States at the Kiel (Germany) festivities, commencing June 19.

The State Department received Spain's apology for the firing on the Alliance.

The contract for three sea-going torpedo boats was signed by Secretary Herbert and President Malster, of the Columbian Iron Works of Baltimore. The vessels are to be completed and delivered to the Government within fifteen months.

President Cleveland requested Civil Service Commissioner Lyman to hand in his resignation.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Pittsburg	11	4	.733	Cincinnati	8	8	.500
Boston	8	4	.667	New York	6	7	.462
Cleveland	8	5	.615	Philadel	5	6	.455
Chicago	9	6	.600	St. Louis	5	11	.313
Baltimore	6	4	.600	Louisville	4	9	.308
Brooklyn	6	6	.500	Wash'g'n	3	9	.250

James A. Weston, formerly Governor of New Hampshire, died in Manchester, after an illness of several weeks. He was born in Manchester, N. H., August 27, 1827.

Four policemen and one striker were hurt in a riot between Chicago police and Illinois